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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The torpedo boat flotilla has arrived at Norfolk. —— President Roosevelt and party have returned to Washington. —— The Indian appropriation bill occupied the time of the House yesterday; the two year old child of a mountaineer in Venezuela was killed and eaten by bears. —— The diplomatic debt of Virginia amounts to $14 000,000. —— Six persons killed and many others injured by a boiler explosion at Anniston, Ala. —— In a railroad collision near LaFox, Ill., three persons were killed and eight injured. —— British steamer Sagami has arrived at Cadiz from Norfolk, with cargo on fire. —— Man and woman killed by an S. A. L. train near Savannah, Ga. —— Indians have attacked the town of San Marcial in Mexico; eight Americans, among the defenders were killed. —— —— N. Y. markets: Money on call steady at 3½@4 per cent; cotton —steady at 9.05c.; flour—was quiet and a shade lower wheat—spot easy, No. 2 red 81½c.; corn—spot easy, No. 2 58½@58c; oats—spot easy, No. 2 43c; rosin, firm; spirits turpentine quiet at 64½@65.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. Dep't of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 28.

Meteorological data for the twenty-four hours ending at 8 P. M.:

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 59 degrees: 8 P. M., 57 degrees; maximum, 66 degrees; minimum, 44 degrees; mean, 56 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, T.; rainfall since 1st of month to date, 3.33 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28 —For North Carolina: Rain Thursday and in east portion Friday, colder Friday in west portion; fresh south winds increasing.

Port Almanac—January 29.

Sun Rises	7.02 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.24 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 22 M.
High Water at Southport.	8.29 P. M.
High Water Wilmington.	10.59 P. M.

The New Orleans *Picayune*, one of the best papers in this country, entered upon its sixty-seventh year last Sunday.

A Florida editor says Florida can feed the South on chicken. But more crowing and cackling than chicken comes from Florida.

Scientists say that the ruins of ancient cities, now under ground, have been thus buried under dirt brought up from beneath by worms and insects.

Over 50,000 people from Europe and from States in this country settled in North Dakota last year, and that's the country that we get our blizzards from, too.

If Mr. Marconi could locate Mr. Benjamin Franklin he might send him a wireless message and ask him what he thinks of his kite-flying business now.

It is said that vandal souvenir fiends actually stole the crepe hung on the door bell of the Hewitt residence in New York. They didn't steal the bell, probably because it was screwed on.

Southern California is making big calculations on her orange crop this year, which is unusually full and fine. She expects to ship 23,000 car loads and to rake in $15,000,000.

According to Secretary Pearson of the Audubon Society of this State there are in all it species of birds, many of which on account of shooting, nest robbing, &c., have become almost extinct.

A. B. Weeks, the alleged aspirant for the job of postmaster at Indianola, pronounces both of the letters, purporting to have been written by him, and read by Senator Spooner in his speech, forgeries.

A $5,000 conscience man walked into the tax collector's office in New York a few days ago and laid on the counter five $1,000 gold certificates to be added to the conscience fund. His conscience had been worrying him that much for some time.

Two professors in Rome claim to have discovered the bacillus of pneumonia, which they say multiplies with extraordinary rapidity, and they add that they have experimented successfully in destroying the bacilli in persons suffering from that disease.

The U. S. Supreme court has given the divorce business in South Dakota and several of the other Western States a hard jolt by deciding that residence in those States as a preliminery to divorce must be "in good faith" and that when parties profess residence simply to get within the statutory provisions, the divorce doesn't count.

COMPULSORY PILOTAGE LAW.

Board of Commissioners of Navigation in Session Yesterday Afternoon—A Minority Report Was Submitted.

Compulsory pilotage is still the all-absorbing topic on the wharf and the matter appears hardly any nearer an adjustment as between the pilots on the one hand and the Chamber of Commerce on the other, than it did when the question of an abolition or an amendment of the law was proposed two weeks ago.

The Board of Commissioners of Navigation and Pilotage held a meeting at the office of Mr. Geo. Harriss, on Water street, at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon but the position that the body decided to take in reference to the matter will not be made known until another conference is had with Chamber of Commerce special committee this afternoon at the same hour.

Present at the meeting yesterday were Col. Thos. Evans (chairman), Mr. W. N. Harriss (clerk), and Messrs. James Sprunt, Samuel Northrop, C. W. Worth, George Harriss, S. F. Craig and J. W. Craig.

The pilotage matter was discussed in its every phase and a committee composed of Col. Thos. Evans, Mr. James Sprunt and Mr. J. W. Craig was appointed to formulate a report and present it to the conference this afternoon. It is learned that the report will be in the nature of a compromise between what is desired by the Chamber of Commerce in the way of an amendment and the pilots, who are fighting any change whatever.

At the meeting yesterday a minority report from the Chamber of Commerce Committee subscribed to by Messrs. J. W. Craig and J. J. Adkins was submitted as follows:

Correct Statement of the Pilotage at Wilmington, Savannah and Norfolk.

Draught of Vessel, 14½ Feet.

License Basis, 6 trips:

Wilmington, one year	$242 00
Savannah, one year	193 38
Norfolk, one year	108.00

Single Fee Basis, six trips:

Wilmington	$702 00
Savannah	820.56
Norfolk	696.00

From the above it is seen that upon a license basis of six trips per year, there is a slight difference in favor of Savannah and Norfolk. However, upon the single trip basis there is a difference of only $6 in favor of Norfolk over Wilmington, but as compared with Savannah, $118.56 in favor of Wilmington.

The above statement was submitted in view of the fact that the majority report gave the figures as follows: Norfolk, $108; Wilmington, $702; Savannah, $193.38. In this computation the minority report holds that the Norfolk and Savannah rate is given on the yearly license basis, while that of Wilmington is figured on the basis of single trips. No action, however, was taken upon the minority report at the meeting yesterday.

LOCAL DOTS.

— British steamer *Vera*, hence for Bremen, arrived out, 27th.

— A thoroughly competent compositor accustomed to newspaper work may secure employment by applying at the STAR office.

— A boy who has had some experience in feeding job presses may secure a situation by making immediate application at the STAR office.

— Miss Lottie L. Murrell, daughter of Mr. Gaston Murrell, and Mr. Jno. J. Frederick, of this city, were married last night at 9:30 o'clock at the residence of Mr. Gaston Murrell, No. 512 North Fourth street, Rev. J. L. Vipperman, officiating.

— By deeds filed for record yesterday Florence Tobias, of Brooklyn, N. Y., transferred to Joe Smith for $35, lot on Queen, between Tenth and Eleventh streets, 82½x76 feet in size, and T. C. Miller and wife, of Norfolk, transferred to R. L. Taylor for $1,050, house and lot on south side of Castle, between Second and Third streets, 33x122 feet in size.

The Shipwrecked Crew.

Capt. Gilbert and crew of seven men from the barquentine *Nineveh*, previously reported foundered and sunk off the North Carolina coast to-day a week ago, came up to the city yesterday from Southport and recited a harrowing tale of their dangerous experience in getting ashore after 53 hours in a small yawl boat. Capt. Gilbert and crew reported to the vessel's agents here, Messrs. J. T. Riley & Co., and were paid off. Capt. Gilbert will leave to-day for New York.

Old Fashioned Spelling Bee.

Jefferson Lodge No. 61, K. of P., had an old fashioned spelling bee last night as one feature of their entertainment, and there was a good crowd in attendance. All seemed to enjoy it immensely. Mr. E. H. Munson won the first prize and Mr. R. E. Blake the consolation prize. Features for the next meeting will be a historical entertainment upon the same plan. Col. W. J. Woodward acted as schoolmaster and "gave out" the words to be spelled. The first prize was a box of fragrant cigars and the "booby" was a "blue back" spelling book.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice—In bankruptcy.
Notice—In bankruptcy.
Notice—In bankruptcy.
Atlantic National Bank—Deposits.
Gaston D. Phares & Co.—Endowed.
Consolidated Railways, Light and Power Co.—Gas heaters.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Consolidated Railways, Light and Power Co.—Gas radiator.

THE FOWLER BILL.

Currency Measure Pending in Congress Endorsed by the Chamber of Commerce.

SPECIAL MEETING YESTERDAY

Committee Appointed to Formulate Sentiment of Conference and Endeavor to Secure Similar Action by Other Trades Bodies in South.

The Fowler Currency Bill, now pending in Congress with fair prospect of becoming law, was the object of special consideration at a called meeting of the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce held yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, President James H. Chadbourn presiding. After a thorough discussion of the many features of the bill, upon motion of Mr. J. A. Arringdale the measure was endorsed by the Chamber and a committee consisting of President Chadbourn, Secretary Kyle and Mr. J. A. Taylor was appointed to draw up resolutions embracing the sentiment of the Chamber and to endeavor to enlist similar support from other trades bodies in the South. Copies of the resolution were ordered sent to members of both houses of the national Congress.

In calling the meeting to order the president briefly stated its object and there was a general discussion of the merits of the bill.

Mr. J. A. Taylor, who has made currency matters an object of special study, was the principal speaker. Mr. Taylor said that the bill provided the machinery for such currency expansion as he believed to be necessary to meet the demands of business. It was an especial safeguard against a recurrence of panicky conditions as the result of heavy demand sometimes for currency with which to move the great crops of the country and was for that reason of great interest to the South. It provides for more elasticity in our banking laws and affects both the borrower and lender; the merchant, the farmer and the banker. Our present laws, he said, are the clumsiest known to the civilized world and the need of currency reform has long been established. Present laws were framed in 1863 with a view to selling bonds for the war; now a change is needed.

The present bill has the virtue of simplicity in a degree not usual in such matters and will be understood by all business men. Its purpose is to provide an increase in the circulating medium for the purpose of insuring that there shall at all times be sufficient money to carry on the business of the country in view of the ever increasing demands. If some provision is not made, the prosperity of the country may prove the source of a commercial crisis. The object is to have a currency that will spring into being at the bidding of business and as certainly disappear when that business is finished. The demand for actual currency in the South is great during the cotton season; in the West, when the great food crops must be marketed.

One of the leading features of the Fowler Bill is a provision that any National bank may take out for circulation an amount of national bank notes not exceeding 25 per cent. of its paid-up capital stock without depositing U. S. bonds in the manner now provided; these notes to be furnished by the government at the expense of the bank. Before any bank shall receive any of these notes it shall deposit as a guaranty of the payment thereof U. S. bonds or gold coin equal to 5 per cent. of the notes taken out and this deposit shall be a part of the lawful reserve of the bank against these notes, the interest upon the bonds being payable to the bank depositing them. The secretary of the treasury is to have authority to sell the bonds for certain specified purposes if it should be necessary. Each bank taking out notes for issue and circulation is required to pay a tax of one-fourth of one per cent. upon the average amount of notes in actual circulation, which shall go the guaranty fund. Such notes shall be a first lien upon the assets of the bank and will be receivable for all public debts. Every bank taking out such notes shall maintain at all times the same reserve against such notes when in actual circulation as now prescribed for deposits. The notes taken out shall be redeemed on demand in gold over the counter of the bank issuing them. To carry out the provisions of the bill, New York, Chicago and San Francisco are named as redemption cities and all banks redeeming their notes at any one of these shall be regarded as being in that city's redemption district.

The Fowler bill is generally looked upon with great favor by the banking interests.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE COMPANY.

Full Report Issued of Its Operation for Year Ending June, 1902.

The full report of the Atlantic Coast Line Company for the year ended June 30, 1902, has been issued. The earnings of the Savannah, Florida and Western Railway are not included in the following statement, as the two companies were not consolidated until July 1, 1902:

	1902	1901.
Gross income..	$9,849,535	$7,915,098
Expenses.....	4,738,987	4,644,829
Net.....	$3,810,536	$3,270,269
Other income..	85,887	62,916
Total income.	$3 896,425	$3,333,185
Deductions	3,105,357	2 895,799
Surplus.....	$791,068	$437,396

SUPERIOR COURT YESTERDAY.

Motion to Non Suit Plaintiff in Hutaff Case Not Granted—Jurors Summoned for To-day.

Very little progress was made in the Hutaff damage suit in the Superior Court yesterday, a good part of the day having been taken up in the argument of a motion by defendant's counsel to non-suit. Judge Peebles refused the motion and the trial continued. Recess for the day was taken at 5:30 P. M. until this morning at 10 o'clock. It will probably require all of to day and half of to-morrow to finish the case.

Plaintiff's counsel resumed the introduction of evidence yesterday morning upon the convening of court. Dr. C. T. Harper, city superintendent of health and clerk to the Board of Health, testified that the permit for excavating the streets was granted to the Wilmington Sewerage Company and not to Wm. McLean & Co., but he did not undertake to say who exercised the privilege. Mr. Geo. R. Bate testified that the road Hutaff was travelling when he was injured had been in use for 30 years. Dr. Harper was recalled to testify to having attended Mr. Hutaff when he fell with an epileptic fit outside of the court room Tuesday afternoon. He gave the patient restoratives, but could not say as to what produced the fit. Upon the introduction of a mass of documentary evidence, tending to show that the Sewerage Company was responsible for the excavations and not Wm. McLean & Co., the contractors, as alleged in the answer, the plaintiff rested. Among the documents introduced for the plaintiff was the complaint of the Sewerage Company in the injunction it sued out against the Board of Aldermen last Summer, in which it was sought to restrain the municipality from interfering in the laying of the system of sewerage.

Before introducing any witnesses, the defendant's counsel at noon lodged a motion to non suit the plaintiff on the grounds of contributory negligence; the failure to prove negligence on defendant's part and upon the section in the answer alleging that the excavations were by the contractors and not by the company. Judge Peebles sent the jury down stairs and the motion was argued by ex-Judge E. K. Bryan for the defence, and Messrs. Marsden Bellamy, Herbert McClammy and ex-Governor Russell for the plaintiff. The argument lasted until nearly 4 o'clock in the afternoon when Judge Peebles said he would overrule the motion and let it go to the Supreme Court.

The jury was recalled and the defendant company introduced Mayor Waddell to define the street lines in the vicinity of the accident and to testify as to the ordinances and permits of the city. Capt. Walter G. MacRae was next introduced to testify as to the excavations, property in that vicinity, etc. A deed from Capt. MacRae to the Sewerage Company for the land upon which the disposal plant is located was also offered in evinence.

The following talesmen were ordered summoned for to-day: Jno. J. Fowler, David LeGwin, W. P. Smith, C. Casteen, Herbert E. Boney, C. T. Bennett, Wm. P. Carroll, Geo. E. Leftwitch, W. P. Dickinson, Geo. S. LeGrand, C. W. Futch, Thos. Murrin, E. T. Craig, D. J. Benson, J. T. King.

BEAUTIFUL WEDDING AT WILLARD.

Miss Gertrude Rivenbark Became Bride of Prominent Young Business Man.

Miss Gertrude Rivenbark, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Rivenbark, of Willard, N. C., and Mr. Thos. G. Covington, a leading young business man of Clio, S. C., were happily united in marriage at the home of the bride's parents, at Willard, yesterday, at high noon, Rev. Dr. Calvin S. Blackwell, of this city, officiating.

Miss Zenie Croom, of Burgaw, was maid of honor, and Mr. Baxter A. Fletcher, of Clio, S. C., best man. Miss Exie Croom, of Burgaw, charmingly rendered the wedding marches. The following group of charming young ladies were bridesmaids: Miss Clara Lane Willis, of McColl, S. C.; Miss Katie Veach, of Warsaw; Miss Linda Dozier, of Wilmington; Miss Mamie Johnson, of Willard; Miss Eveline Powers, of Willard. The ushers were: Mr. F. T. Croom, of Burgaw; Mr. Jas. M. Johnson, of Willard; Mr. Bernard A. Edens, of Dillon, S. C.; Mr. J. C. Wiggins, of Wilmington, and Mr. R. J. Rivenbark, of Darlington, S. C.

The delightful occasion brought together a large company, among whom were Mr. J. C. Covington, of Clio, S. C.; Mr. C. C. Rivenbark, of Sanford; Mr. J. W. Rivenbark, of Wilmington; Miss Katie Sholar, of Wilmington; Mrs. Eva Forrester Rivenbark, of Burgaw, and other members of the family and friends.

The bridesmaids and maids of honor were in white organdie. The bride wore an elegant going-away gown of castor venetian cloth with velvet lining.

Execution Upon a Steamer.

When the Clyde steamer *Carib* was in port Tuesday, an execution issued by the clerk of the Superior Court of Carteret county in favor of A. I. Lewis for $2,297.83, was levied against the vessel. A forthcoming bond was quickly arranged and the steamer was not delayed thereby. The claim is one that has been pending in the Carteret Superior Court for a number of years.

— Mr. J. T. Burke is at home from a ten day's outing in the "State of Chatham." He had fine sport in the field and forest while away, bagged three fine wild turkeys, innumerable quail and other species of the animal kingdom.

SCHOOL FOR TRAINED NURSES

Full Text of the Bill Introduced by Representative Morton at Request of Hospital Managers' Committee.

The act introduced Tuesday in the Legislature by Representative Morton, providing for the establishment of a school for trained nurses at the Walker Memorial Hospital, was at the request of Dr. W. J. H. Bellamy and Mr. D. C. Love, a special committee appointed by the Board of Managers of that institution for that purpose. The bill was drawn by City Attorney William J. Bellamy and has passed the lower House. The act is as follows:

An Act to Amend the Charter of the James Walker Memorial Hospital of the City of Wilmington, N. C.

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

Sec. 1. That Chapter 12 of the Private Laws of 1901, of North Carolina, entitled "An Act to Provide for the Government of the James Walker Memorial Hospital of the City of Wilmington, N. C.," and acts amendatory thereof, be and the same are hereby amended by adding thereto the following:

Sec. 2. For the purpose of instituting and conducting in connection with the James Walker Memorial Hospital a training school for nurses, the Board of Managers of the James Walker Memorial Hospital are hereby empowered and authorized to provide a system of lectures, training and teaching in the science and art of medicine, surgery and allied branches, under such rules and regulations as may be proper and expedient for the education of trained nurses.

Sec. 3. That the course of lectures, training and teaching of nurses shall be given by such physicians and others as the Board of Managers of the James Walker Memorial Hospital may select.

Sec. 4. Upon satisfactory proof of the efficiency of nurses and the completion of a thorough course of instruction, the Board of Managers of the James Walker Memorial Hospital of the City of Wilmington, N. C., shall award to those who have attained the standard of merit prescribed a diploma, certifying the completion of the course of instruction in the theory and practice of nursing.

Sec. 5. The diploma shall be signed by a Board of Three Examiners, including the Medical Superintendent of the Hospital, who shall be appointed by the Board of Managers, and shall also be signed by the President of the Board of Managers and attested by the Secretary thereof, sealed with the seal of the Board of Managers of the James Walker Memorial Hospital of the City of Wilmington, N. C.

Sec. 6. This act shall be in force from and after the 31st day of January, 1903.

In the General Assembly read three times and ratified this the — day of January A. D. 1903.

SAD FUNERAL YESTERDAY MORNING.

Remains of Robert Payne Laid to Rest. Tribute from Companions.

In the presence of a very large concourse of friends the funeral of young Robert Fairfax Payne, whose tragic death on Tuesday afternoon cast a gloom over the entire community, was conducted at 10 o'clock yesterday morning from St. James' Episcopal church, the rector, Rev. R. W. Hogue, officiating. The beautiful choral service was used, the surpliced choir, including a large number of boys, having sung the hymns with touching effect.

Nearly every student of the High School was present as a last sad mark of respect to their schoolmate and the honorary pall-bearers were from the circle of the unfortunate young boy's immediate friends. The floral offering were beautiful. A large wreath came from the Junior Class of the High School and with individual designs from each of the honorary pall-bearers, it was placed upon the casket and in beautiful Oakdale, committed to earth with the remains of that one whom they honored.

The pall bearers were as follows: Honorary, Masters George Jackson, Robert Cantwell, Rob. James, Louis Belden, Clem Brown, Jno. S. Armstrong, Jr., Milton Gore and Meares Harriss; active, Dr. Harllee Bellamy, Messrs. H. M. Chase, R. A. Parsley, George. D. Crow, Louis Hatch and S. M. Boatwright.

NEWS ALONG THE WHARF.

Naval Stores Continue to Soar—Steamer City of Fayetteville—Other Notes.

Spirits turpentine went to 61 cents on the local and Savannah markets yesterday. The tone was firm; local receipts, 86 casks. Rosin also advanced yesterday to $1.65@1.70 per barrel; receipts, 513 barrels.

The steamer *City of Fayetteville*, which was delayed a day on account of a slight accident to her machinery, proceeded yesterday afternoon on the return trip. Chief Engineer Moses' recent resignation was to take a position on a pleasure yacht of one of the New York millionaires.

The Diamond Steamboat and Wrecking Company has completed in very satisfactory manner the pumping out of the water-logged steamer *Daventry*, and she has been brought up to the city and docked. The British steamer *Eastry* has proceeded up to the city, and will probably take the disabled vessel's cargo of cotton, lumber and rosin.

The Elks' Minstrels.

The box sheet for the Elks' minstrels opens this morning at 8 o'clock at Plummer's, on Princess street. Indications point to a large advance sale, and the rehearsals, which are being held nightly, point to a magnificent success. The several features are each said to be worth the price of admission. Tickets are 25, 50 and 75 cents. The street parade will take place at 3:30 P. M., instead of at noon, as previously announced.

ANTI-SALOON FIGHT.

Committee Hearing on London and Watts Bills Before the General Assembly.

NUMEROUS OTHER LAWS.

New Measures to Regulate the Traffic Offered in Both the House and the Senate—Provide Cadavers for Medical Colleges—Notes.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 28.—Fully 500 people heard the argument this afternoon before the Committee on Propositions and Grievances on the London or Anti Saloon League bill and the Watts bill to regulate the whiskey traffic in North Carolina. Great enthusiasm was manifested by the Anti-Saloonists in the audience. The hearing was in the Senate. The London bill puts liquor out of the State except where expressly voted in towns, no distilleries being allowed in rural districts at all. The Watts bill restricts distilleries and saloons to incorporated towns and provides for elections as to dispensaries or prohibition.

J. W. Bailey, of Raleigh, Dr. F. D. Swindell, of Goldsboro, Dr. R. C. Beaman, of Durham, and Dr. A. J. McKelway, of Charlotte, were among the advocates of the London bill. It was opposed by T. C. Guthrie of Charlotte. The hearing will be continued to-morrow. There are hundreds of people here from all parts of the State working for or against these bills.

The Capital Club gave a brilliant reception to-night in honor of Gov. Aycock, State officers and members of the General Assembly. Over 1,200 invitations were issued, and the affair was on the most elaborate scale of any receptions of the season.

Proceedings of the Legislature.

The most notable bill in either branch of the Legislature to-day was that by Baldwin, of Forsyth, to allow both husband and wife in cases of divorce to re-marry. It passed second reading and on objection by Henderson, went over until to-morrow for third reading. The vote was 26 for and 19 against the bill. Senator Henderson was especially bitter in his opposition, declaring the tendency to be to drag North Carolina down to the lowest standard of civilization. He quoted at length from Dr. Wares' sermon Sunday at Centenary Church, Winston, denouncing the bill. On the other hand a number of ministers including Dr. Huffam of the Baptist church, was quoted as advocating it. The bill is sure to pass final reading to-morrow.

Among the bills introduced in the Senate was one by Senator Woodard to amend the local option act so as to permit: "The establishment of local dispensaries wherever desired by a majority of the qualified voters in the locality to be affected."

It begins with a preamble reciting that much legislative time is now consumed with local questions and the Democratic policy is to let the people decide their local matters. The bill provides that on a petition of one-third of the qualified voters of a town, township or county, the county commissioners shall call an election on the Tuesday after the first Monday in June on years when the General Assembly meets, when the qualified voters shall cast ballots "dispensary" or "license." If dispensary carries then no liquor license shall be issued in such territory.

Senator White introduced a bill providing that the professors of anatomy of the medical schools shall constitute a State Board for the distribution of dead human bodies from prisons and other bodies required to be buried at public expense, and those who suffer death under law for crime. These bodies are to be sent to the colleges according to the number of students in such colleges. It exempts the bodies of those who die in homes for the aged and infirm, insane asylums, soldiers' home and such as are claimed by relatives. A penalty of $100 to $500 is provided for failing to carry out this act. The committee decided to-day to report the bill favorably.

Other bills of note were: By Justice, to prohibit the use of railroad tracks as highways.

Glenn, to allow Greensboro to issue bonds.

To amend the charter of Greensboro.

To allow Greensboro to use certain money for water works improvement.

By Glenn, a resolution for a joint committee to examine insane asylums.

Mr. Griffith, the new senator from Yancey, received the oath of office. His desk was piled high with flowers. He succeeds Senator Wilson, Republican, who was killed by his brother several weeks ago. Griffith was given an ovation by his fellow senators.

In the House, and Senate also, a great flood of petitions for prohibition and for the London anti-saloon league bill, were presented.

Among the bills introduced in the House were:

By Duncan, to submit the question of the manufacture and sale of liquor in Sampson county to a vote of the people.

Dobson, to prevent bribing in election.

Offman, relating to certificates of good moral character for teachers in public schools.

Smith, a bill similar to Woodard's in the Senate, providing for any town or township to vote on dispensary, saloon and distilleries. It provides also that where no elections are held licenses shall be allowed only on petition of a majority of the voters in the locality.

Among the bills which passed final reading were:

To provide a State Board to license trained nurses.

To correct land grant to John Badget, of Onslow.

To provide for cross-indexing of the appointment of executors and guardians.

Splendid County Map.

There has been placed in the room of the County Commissioners at the Court House a splendid map of all the property of New Hanover county north of Smith's Creek. The surveys were recently made by Capt. Walter G. MacRae and Mr. Lewis B. Hatch and the map is enclosed in a neat frame and hung upon the west wall of the room.

EXPORTS OF WILMINGTON.

An Increase of $4,500,000 in One Year. A Sure Indication of Progress and City's Prosperity.

From official reports the Charleston *News and Courier* reproduces the following:

"The official report for the eleven months ending with November, says the Boston *Journal of Commece*, shows a drop in the total exports for the Atlantic coast from $467,000,000 in 1901 to $443,000,000 in the same period in 1903, a reduction of 15 per cent. Philadelphia shows a fall from $75,000,000 to $63,000,000; Newport News, from $30,000,000 to $27,000,000; Baltimore, from $92,000,000 to $68,000,000; Boston, from $120,000,000 to $73,000,000. On the Gulf, Galveston shows a drop from $94,000,000 to $80,000,000, and New Orleans from $131,000,000 to $111,000,000. Charleston, Wilmington and Savannah are the principal ports on the Atlantic coast showing an increase. Charleston increased from $3,706,841 in the eleven months in 1901 to $5,028,468 in the same period in 1903; and Savannah from $37,389,385 to $38,900,265."

The *News and Courier* should have added that the exports for Wilmington increased from $8,000,000 in 1901 to $12,500,000 in 1902. But that would have shown that Wilmington's exports exceeded those of Charleston by about 150 per cent.

BIBLE CONFERENCE AT Y. M. C. A.

Mr. H. B. Saunders, of Boston, Here in the Interest of Boys' Work.

Arrangements have been made with Mr. H. B. Saunders, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who has been for many years closely connected with Association work as a layman, particularly with that phase of it known as boys' work, to conduct a Bible Conference with Y. M. C. A. boys of this city. The general theme of the conference will be "The Kingdom." The first meeting will be held in the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-day at 5 o'clock. The subject will be, "The Boy Himself, or the Most Curious House in Town; Five Little Men Live in the House. Who are They?"

The second will be on Friday afternoon at 5 o'clock. The subject will be, "The Kingdom."

The third will be on Saturday at 3 P. M. The subject will be, "The Condition of Membership."

The fourth will be on Monday, Feb. 2nd, at 5 P. M. The subject will be, "What God Expects a Christian Boy to be and to do."

The fifth and last will be held on Tuesday afternoon at 5 P. M. The subject is, "If the King has given me all my senses, what is there in my life that is preventing me from becoming a member of His Kingdom?"

These conferences are for all boys in Wilmington who are over 13 years old. In addition to the Bible conference the boys will be given an opportunity to ask questions relative to the work in general. Parents who are always interested in what is being done for their boys will be given an opportunity to write down any question on paper, bearing directly on the work for and with boys and Mr. Saunders will be only too happy to reply in writing or otherwise.

Mr. Saunders has conducted many such conferences with the Y. M. C. A. boys throughout the country and we have heard the good news and therefore hasten to extend a hearty welcome to our boys to attend these meetings.

Masquerade and Civic Ball.

The second annual masquerade and civic ball by the Merry Companion Social Club was given last night in Germania Hall and it was a delightful success in every particular. About 50 couples participated and at midnight the dancers and guests enjoyed a sumptuous supper. The committee of arrangements consisted of Messrs. Harry Habernicht, Wm. Hoefner, D. B. Branch and George Tienken and each of them did all in their power to give everybody a good time. The officers of the club are Messrs. William Tienken, president; C. R. Spooner, vice president; D. B. Branch, secretary, and George Tienken, treasurer.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. D. L. Gore and wife have gone for a visit to Mrs. Gore's brother, Mr. W. Lennon, of Ocilla, Ga.

— Mr. Jno. Platt has gone to Dayton, Ohio, to accept a position with the National Cash Register Co.

— Representative Phillips, of Brunswick county, came over to the city yesterday and left in the afternoon for Raleigh.

Collided With Street Car.

A street car ran into a wagon to which two mules belonging to Mr. S. J. Davis were attached yesterday about noon at Third and Princess streets. One of the mules suffered a broken leg and was subsequently shot by Policeman G. R. Holt. The glass in the vestibule of the car was smashed. The team was being driven by Jno. Kornegay, colored.

The Crokinole Championship.

The crokinole tournament at the Y. M. C. A. was won last night by Mr. J. P. Webster who is now the champion. He has received a challenge from Mr. R. E. L. Hunt, of Savannah, Ga., to play for the championship on Saturday night at the Association rooms. Both players are experts and a fine game will be witnessed by all who attend.

Recruits for the Roads.

In the police court yesterday John Murphy, colored, was given 30 days on the roads for disorderly conduct and Charles Taylor, the West India negro who kicked up a disorder with a white sailor on the British schooner *James W.* a few days ago, was given 30 days on the roads in each of two cases against him for disorderly conduct and assault.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by J. G. Shepard.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A GAS HEATING STOVE

Is just what you need for the bath-room or bed-room.

We are selling Gas Heaters and Radiators at

Reduced Prices.

GAS, ELECTRIC AND Combination Fixtures Installed at Cost.

Consolidated Railways, Light & Power Co.

jan 29 3t

BEING

Endowed with two eyes I have endeavored (and shall continue) to keep one on you and the other on the business. Knowing, as I do, what is necessary to make that house of yours comfortable, I have selected my stock accordingly.

GASTON D. PHARES & CO., The Furniture Man.

110-112 Market St. Inter-State 78.

jan 29 tf

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Eastern District of North Carolina. In the matter of H. C. McNair, bankrupt. In Bankruptcy. No. 83. To the Hon. Thomas R. Purnell, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina. H. C. McNair, of Maxton, in the county of Robeson and State of North Carolina in said District, respectfully represents: That on the 13th day of March, 1902, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the Acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property and has fully complied with all the requirements of said Acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy. Wherefore he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said Bankrupt Acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

H. C. McNAIR, Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON.

Eastern District of North Carolina—ss.: On this 28th day of January, A. D. 1903, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the court that a hearing be had upon the same on the 16th day of February, A. D. 1903, before said court, at Fayetteville in said District, at one o'clock in the afternoon; and that notice thereof be published in THE MORNING STAR, a newspaper printed in said District, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the same time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered by the court, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order, addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the Honorable Thomas R. Purnell, Judge of the said court, and the seal thereof, at Wilmington, in said District, on the 28th day of January, A. D. 1903.

WM. H. SHAW, Clerk.

jan 29 1t

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Eastern District of North Carolina. In the matter of T. J. Wooten, bankrupt. No. 83. In Bankruptcy. To the Honorable Thomas R. Purnell, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina: T. J. Wooten, of Maxton, in the county of Robeson, and State of North Carolina, in said District, respectfully represents that on the 13th day of March last past he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy. Wherefore he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 17th day of January, A. D. 1903.

T. J. WOOTEN, Bankrupt.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON.

Eastern District of North Carolin, ss.: On this 28th day of January, A. D. 1903, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the Court, that a hearing be had upon the same on the 16th day of February, A. D. 1903, before said court, at Fayetteville, in said district, at one o'clock in the afternoon; and that notice thereof be published in THE MORNING STAR, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered by the Court, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order addressed to them at their places of residence as stated.

Witness the Honorable Thomas R. Purnell, Judge of the said court, and the seal thereof, at Wilmington, in said district, on the 28th day of January, A. D. 1903.

WM. H. SHAW, Clerk.

jan 29 tf

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States, for the Eastern District of North Carolina. In the matter of McNair & Wooten, bankrupts. No. 81. In Bankruptcy. To the Honorable Thomas R. Purnell, Judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of North Carolina. McNair & Wooten, of Maxton, in the county of Robeson, and State of North Carolina, in said district, respectfully represents that on the 13th day of March, last past, he was duly adjudged bankrupt under the acts of Congress relating to bankruptcy; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the court touching his bankruptcy. Wherefore he prays that he may be decreed by the court to have a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate under said bankrupt acts, except such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

Dated this 27th day of January, A. D. 1903.

McNAIR & WOOTEN.
H. C. McNAIR,
T. J. WOOTEN, Bankrupts.

ORDER OF NOTICE THEREON.

Eastern District of North Carolina ss: On this 28th day of January, A. D. 1903, on reading the foregoing petition, it is ordered by the court that a hearing be had upon the same on the 16th day of February, A. D. 1903, before said court at Fayetteville, in said district, at one o'clock in the afternoon; and that notice thereof be published in THE MORNING STAR, a newspaper printed in said district, and that all known creditors and other persons in interest may appear at the said time and place and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered by the court, that the Clerk shall send by mail to all known creditors copies of said petition and this order addressed to them at their places of residence as stated. Witness the Honorable Thomas R. Purnell, Judge of the said court, and seal thereof, at Wilmington, in said district, on the 28th day of January, A. D. 1903.

WM. H. SHAW, Clerk.

Ja 29 1t

Printer Wanted.

Wanted, one first class compositor who has had experience on a daily morning paper. Must have good recommendations as to habits and qualifications. Address

THE MORNING STAR,
jan 17 tf Wilmington, N. C.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the next General Assembly for the passage of an Act granting a charter to the Elizabeth City and Carolina Through Line Railroad Co., (or other name suggested at time of making application) to build a railroad from Wilmington, N. C., to Elizabeth

The Morning Star.

WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, JAN 29.

SHEEP IN NORTH CAROLINA.

We have given some attention, in these columns, to sheep raising as a promising industry in this State. We are interested in it because we believe there are great possibilities in it, and that if given reasonable attention by our farmers it would be money in their pockets, and very much money in the aggregate, money made, too, with comparative little labor, and with but little capital as an original investment.

There are about 42,000,000 of sheep in the United States, but the number South of the Ohio river and East of the Mississippi is insignificant compared with the total, while as a matter of fact there is no section in the country better adapted to sheep raising than this same section, if so well adapted.

Samuel Archer, who sometime ago came from one of the Western States and bought a farm in Iredell county, where he proposes to engage in sheep-raising as a business, writes interestingly on that subject, his articles appearing in the Charlotte *Observer*, which gives him as much space as he desires and no doubt correctly thinks it is doing its farmer readers and the State good service, in which we agree with it, for he writes not merely as a man having a theory or a fad, but as a man who has experience, knowledge of what he writes, and is withal an observer and a thinker. As far as we know he has never been in Eastern North Carolina, but he has been in the sheep-raising sections of Texas, New Mexico and Colorado, and in the Central Western States, where attention is given to sheep raising, and the conclusion he has arrived is that Central and Western North Carolina have advantages in that industry over any of those sections, and is an ideal region for sheep raising, either for wool or for mutton, or for both. He is not alone in this opinion, for we have occasionally read in the *Progressive Farmer* communications from North Carolina farmers giving their experience in sheep raising, the cost and the income, leaving the balance decidedly on the profit side, figures that would be persuasive enough one would think to induce every farmer to have some sheep, few or many, in accordance with his ability to care for them.

Having heard that General Cox gives some attention to raising sheep in Eastern North Carolina, Mr. Archer wrote to him to ascertain what his experience was and here is his reply:

PEUELO, N. C., Dec. 27, 1902.

Dear Sir: In reply to your favor I beg to say, I have been partially engaged in sheep husbandry for some ten years. I have mainly good Shropshires and they pay 100 per cent. per annum. When I began raising them the ordinary lambs of this county sold from 75 cents to $1 each. I have received in the local markets offers of $2.50 each for my lambs the ensuing season. My sheep run out and receive but little care, they are herded nightly with my cattle. Our native grasses are lespidya, broom, wire, nut, spear, crab or crop grass, etc. For my stock generally I plant annual or crimson clover, cow peas, rye, etc., but to no great extent. My lambs are dropped from December to May, and I rely on twins to make them equal, if not exceed the original flock. Indeed, I had an ordinary grade ewe, which gave birth to three sets of twins one year, and all were very fine, the first pair weighed from 60 to 65 pounds each by the first of May. I have flocks on separate farms, and if their products were shipped to Northern markets, I would realize double the price I get for them at our local markets. I should mention, the sheep have access to my corn fields from the latter part of August and also my cotton fields, after the crops are, in the main, housed. If willing to devote my time and care to sheep-raising I could readily increase their number to several thousands. The wool pays for the feed and care. The negroes in this section have the usual number of dogs, but it is not, "the poor man's friend" that worries sheep. While others have sheep in this county, I have heard of but one rumor of dogs worrying them in some years.

No! I have no experience with wool sheep, and am fully content with the Downs for mutton. Our winters are so open, our sheep need little protection and our summers so warm I fear the wool sheep would suffer from excessive heat.

I think the wool sheep might be profitably raised in the Piedmont section of our State, but question whether they would be found profitable in the extreme west, where housing and feeding would materially lessen the profits. You will understand, I am but an amateur sheep-raiser, or I would use turnips, vetches, red clover, and some of the finer grasses for them, all of which might be done with profit to our husbandry.

The droppings of the sheep, while valuable, are but little considered by me, but then the sheep are admirable weed exterminators.

Very respectfully yours.

WM. R. COX.

Upon which Mr. Archer comments as follows:

I like this letter because it is plain and practical from the standpoint of a planter. However much thoroughgoing, practical sheepmen might take issue with it as to kind of sheep and management, yet this gentleman is evidently keeping some sheep with great success, scattered about, protected and sheltered mostly by the kindly horns of his cattle with which "they are herded nightly." The general evidently carries sheep as a kind of "side line" to his cotton and other plantation business. He has no disastrous failures to record nor no complaints to make about having to "change sheep" every few years, nor want of fresh pasture, nor the "sniffles," nor the "rot" (whatever that is), but his sheep get plenty to eat and come up with a hundred per cent. dividend every year. Their number, he clearly sees, could be "increased to several thousands," and he says that the wool pays for their feed and care. He hints strongly that the poor man's dog is not as dangerous as others that worry. He is contented with his "Downs," but has not had "experience with wool sheep"—the Merino—and says "I fear the wool sheep would suffer from excessive heat."

The western mountainous parts of our State in most respects are like vast regions of the Northwest, where millions of sheep are profitably kept, and from these regions of the West for years back and now come vast train loads of sheep and lambs to the Mississippi valley, where they are fed off to the Eastern markets.

What the corn regions of our nation have been to the great stock growing West, so the lower South can be to the piedmont and mountain region of the South. What the sheep grazing regions of the West are now for the grain growing valley of the Mississippi, so mountains, hills, valleys and plateaus of the northern South may be in raising sheep for the lower South and coast regions with her great producing plains and valleys, where they may be fed off to her great consuming city markets of the future and of the Northwest now. If the South is to grow great she must have the elements of greatness developed within her and the sheep business for wool and mutton is an essential one among those that are important.

Commenting upon the doubts expressed by General Cox that it would be practicable to raise sheep in Eastern North Carolina for their wool on account of the length and warmth of the Summers, or in Western NorthCarolina, on account of the Winters, necessitating housing and herd feeding, Mr. Archer remarks that he had seen Merino sheep, raised mainly for their wool, in Southern Texas where the climate was similar to that of central Florida, and although the stock was imported from West Virginia and Pennsylvania they suffered none from the heat and stood it as well as sheep imported from Mexico, while in point of rigors of Winter Western North Carolina is nothing to compare with Colorado and other Western and Central Western States where sheep are raised mainly for their wool and are found to be profitable, although they have to be kept under cover for several months, and depend mainly if not altogether on hand feeding.

With a few sheep to start with, and a very little outlay of money, the farmer who gave his sheep any care would in a few years have a flock that would pay him well.

Such testimony as this of General Cox, who writes carefully, is weighty and shows that there is a handsome profit in the business. There is at least enough in it to encourage our farmers to give some attention to the neglected and unappreciated sheep, one of the farmer's best friends.

THE ISLE OF PINES.

In view of the squabble over paying taxes to the Cuban Government by the Americans living on the Isle of Pines, of whom it is said there are about three hundred, Senator Carmack has offered a resolution asking for information as to the status of the island, whether it is claimed by this Government or has been turned over to Cuba, as nobody seems to know just how it is. The Americans who kick against paying taxes to Cuba contend that it is American territory and that it is cheeky on the part of the Cuban authorities to undertake to collect taxes from them.

The claim that it belongs to the United States is based on the fact that it is not mentioned in the treaty of peace between the United States and Spain, when the fact probably is that it was either considered as being a part of Cuba and therefore unnecessary to be mentioned, or was so insignificant as not to be worth considering. In the Platt amendment provision was made as to determining its status by agreement with Cuba. As far as we know that is about the situation, nothing definite or final having been yet done in that matter, the general impression being that the island would be turned over to Cuba, of which it was always considered a part. This might probably have been done by this time if it were not for the fact that the island contains valuable marble deposits, of which Americans have secured possession, Senator Proctor, of Vermont, being one of the principal holders. Aside from that it is not regarded as of much importance, and not worth squabbling about.

The three hundred Americans who have squatted there are sooners who have doubtless done some grabbing, and don't want to pay taxes to Cuba or any one else if they can dodge it.

A Cleveland, Ohio bride, of three months, of good family, has confessed that she joined her husband in twenty house robberies. When arrested her husband said his wife knew nothing about it and that the stolen articles found in her possession came from him without her knowing how he got them. But his efforts to screen her were foiled by her confession, and she didn't seem to be a bit serious about it.

It is said that the hoods hang over the 13th floors of the New York sky scrapers, which do not rent as readily as the other floors. Some of the owners try to fool people by dodging the 13 and numbering the floors with hieroglyphics or other symbols unknown to the uninitiated.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT

For sale by J. C. Shepard.

WHY NOT PAPER MILLS?

The Atlanta *Journal* asks why their should not be paper mills in Georgia, and the same question might be asked as to other Southern States, in every one of which the conditions are favorable to that industry. Previous to and for some years after the war between the States we had several paper mills in North Carolina, which largely if not altogether supplied the home demand for printing, wrapping and other kinds of ordinary paper. There was one in Wake county, one in Salem (probably the first in the South,) one at Lincolton, and perhaps others. These did a paying business until they had to compete with wood pulp paper, which they couldn't do, and went under. But the men who operated them knew how to make paper, and good paper, such as they did make.

The paper-making business is now practically confined to the North, where the materials used are becoming annually scarcer, and where it is only a question of time when they will be practically exhausted, while in the South there is an abundance of material, most of which is now going to waste, or grows unnoticed and unutilized, and is considered rather a nuisance. Tests have shown that cotton seed hulls make an excellent paper, and also the saw palmetto which grows so abundantly in some of the States South of us, and so probably would cotton stalks and corn stalks, while there are several varieties of trees, now used for that purpose in the North, which grow in abundance and are valueless for anything else.

An abundant supply of clear water we believe is one of the essentials to success in this business, but there are plenty of streams to supply this everywhere in the South, especially in the Piedmont region, where this industry ought to flourish and doubtless would if started in the right way and well managed.

There is an old fellow in the Pennsylvania oil regions who in 1871 built a tank and filled it with 7,000 barrels of oil, which he declared he wouldn't sell for less than $5 a barrel. He has it yet, and as the price now is about $1.50 a barrel, he is likely to have it for some time.

In the West they are cultivating a new grain, a sort of cross between wheat and corn. The kernels resemble ordinary wheat, but are about twice as large, and yield from 60 to 100 bushels to the acre. It will grow in the Pacific States, where corn does not thrive.

BOOK NOTICES.

The February number of *The Smart Set* presents a varied and interesting list of contents, containing a number of very entertaining stories, in all a hundred and sixty pages of good reading matter. Published by The Ess-Ess Company, 452 Fifth Avenue, New York.

The reader for information as well as pleasure will find the February number of The *Atlantic Monthly* an interesting and instructive one, with its well told stories and valuable historic and other papers. Published by Houghton, Mifflin & Company, 4 Park street, Boston.

The February *Pilgrim* is a beautiful number with its fine engravings, and interesting with its splendid list of contents, leading off with a graphic illustrated sketch of Tolstoi. In addition to the reading matter the ladies will find the fashion department interesting and useful, Address the Pilgrim Publishing Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Frank Leslie's Monthly for February is an an attractive number, well filled with reading matter, handsomely illustrated. There are stories for the story reader, an interesting paper (illustrated) on the Chi ese in New York, a sketch of Joseph Jefferson, by E. H. Sothern, and much other matter which will be read with pleasure. Address The Frank Leslie Publishing House, 141-147 Fifth Avenue, New York.

WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

R. B. JOHN, P. E., Wilmington, N. C.

Clinton, Clinton, Jan. 30
Kenansville, Friendship, Jan. 31, Feb. 1.
Bladen, Bethlehem, Feb. 7, 8.
Elizabeth, Elizabethtown, Feb. 9.
Carver's Creek, Council Station Feb. 10.
Onslow, Queen's Creek, Feb. 14, 15.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Half Moon, Feb. 21, 22.

Missionary Institute will be held at Grace church Feb. 4th and 5th, 1903.

District conference will meet at Jacksonville Tuesday Mar. 17th at 5 o'clock P. M. and continue through the 18th and 19th, 1903.

Domestic Troubles.

It is exceptional to find a family where there are no domestic ruptures occasionally, but these can be lessened by having Dr. King's New Life Pills around. Much trouble they save by their great work in Stomach and Liver troubles. They not only relieve you, but cure. Only 25c, at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

CEDAR BLUFF, VA., Nov. 12, 1902.

We have sold Johnson's Chill and Fever Tonic for the past 10 years. We know it has saved hundreds of long cases of fever and heavy doctors' bills and has saved the lives of hundreds of our own people. We keep it in our households.

CEDAR BLUFF WOOLEN CO.

Agency of this wonderful medicine will be placed with good men. Address A. B. Girardeau, Savannah, Ga. †

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS.

CURRENT COMMENT

— The United States produced more pig iron last year than England and Germany combined. Perhaps that has some bearing on their Venezuelan combination.—*Philadelphia Press, Rep.*

— The pork packeries of Florida will soon rival those of the West. Ocala, Gainesville and Lake City each have thousands of pounds of meat in cold storage for the farmers. This is another evidence of Florida progress and prosperity.—*Jacksonville Times-Union, Dem.*

— Mr. Chamberlain made a speech to his escort, a Boer commando, at Ventersdorp last Saturday, in the course of which he said: "I hope you are all my friends. We fought a good good fight and there is nothing to be ashamed of on either side." And Gen. Delarey, in response, declared his belief that the secretary was now the man to set things right in South Africa." Bouquets were also handed about. It all reads very strangely on this side of the water.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

— The too common habit of under-estimating one's property when the tax gatherer is to be faced seems to have given place in New York to a habit of over-estimating on the principle that to be known to be more or less wealthy helps in commerce, finance and society. The New York *Times* regards the published list of persons credited with the possession of over $50,000 as swelled until it is positively fantastic. The new habit is not more immoral than the old, and we are rather inclined to hope that it will spread, for the enormous increase of revenue would permit a welcome lowering of tax rates.—*Macon Telegraph, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Wilson *News*: It is said that a $30,000 opera house is really to be built in Wilson this spring. — The tobacco sales on the Wilson market this season have already passed the 19,000,000 pound mark, and it is estimated that about 2,000,000 pounds more will be sold.

— Monroe *Journal*: The barn of Rev. D. M. Austin, who lives near Charlotte, was burned yesterday morning at 2 o'clock. Three mules and seven head of cattle were roasted alive. The loss is supposed to be $800, covered by insurance. — In Buford township last Wednesday afternoon Thomas Presson, fifteen years of age, went out to shoot a bird. Finding his gun would not work he carried it into the house to remedy the matter when the gun discharged, the entire load entering the body of his three-year old nephew—a son of Lemuel Ferguson—inflicting a wound from which the child died last Thursday.

Fayetteville *Observer*: Mr. Joseph Horah, aged 64, a well known citizen of this place, died suddenly after returning with a number of brother Masons from the funeral of Major Stancil at Mill Bridge. It was a long cold drive to and from the funeral and it is believed that the exposure caused his death. — Two negro boys, W. McAllister and W. McNeil, while on their way home Monday from the silk mill where they are employed, got into a fight, near Rabkin's mill, and McAllister struck McNeill a terrible blow on the head with a loom stick, fracturing the skull. McNeill's recovery is doubtful. McAllister was arrested and is being held pending the rusult of the injuries.

TWINKLINGS

— He—I kind o' think I've seen you before. Ain't you a shop girl at Bargain's? She—Sir! I'm a saleslady. He—That so! I'm an elevator gentleman at the same.—*Philadelphia Press.*

—The Lady: How, oh, how can you be always drinking! The Wretch: Well, lady, I am blessed by nature with a fine capacity, and den stiddy practice has done a lot fer me, no doubt, lady.

— "Are there any historic spots in this vicinity?" queried the tourist. "Well, mum, right over there by that tree Bill Jerkins once had a pile of coal that weighed purty nigh two tons."—*Bryan's Commoner.*

— You say that your son at college has taken up literary work as a profession?" Not at all." I merely said that he was writing for money." "Well, I thought—" "So he is; he's writing for money to me by every mail."—*Baltimore Herald.*

— "Forchen-Hunt is busy these days in trying to think up a scheme to eradicate certain weeds." "You don't mean he's gone in for gardening?" "Oh, no, he's trying to induce the Widow Gotrox to marry him."—*Chicago Tribune.*

— "You think I make some pretty bad breaks, don't you, Fred?" asked the young wife. "Yes, dear," replied the husband kindly; "but they're not like the breaks mother used to make."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— The Rev. Goodman—You are a very noble little fellow, Tommy. Now tell me what deep underlying principles prompted you to forgive those wicked boys who called you ugly names? Tommy—They was all bigger than me.—*Town and Country.*

— "Yes," said the Proud Papa, "my boy always does exactly what I tell him"— "Oh, back up!" jeered the Bold Bachelor. "You bragging fathers make me weary." "—not to do," concluded the Proud Papa, unmoved. "You shouldn't be so quick at drawing conclusions. Back!"—*Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.*

A Marvelous Invention.

Wonders never cease. A machine has been invented that will cut, paste and hang wall paper. The field of inventions and discoveries seem to be unlimited. Notable among great discoveries is Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It has done a world of good for weak lungs and has saved many a life. Thousand have used it and conquered Grip, Bronchitis, Pneumonia and Consumption. Their general verdict is: "It's the best and most reliable medicine for Throat and Lung troubles." Every 50c and $1.00 bottle is guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. Trial bottles free. †

For Over Sixty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, soften the gums, and allays all pain; cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Rheumacide

Is a new and scientific compound made from roots, herbs and barks—contains neither opiates nor poisons. It purifies the blood and removes the causes of rheumatism and all blood diseases. Anyone can take RHEUMACIDE with absolute safety. Does not injure the digestive organs.

TWO CURES.

FLORENCE, S. C., Aug. 16, 1902.

Gentlemen:—I began to suffer from rheumatism about three years ago, and had it very bad in my limbs. At times I could hardly walk. Was treated by a physician without benefit. More than a year ago, Mr. George Wilson, an engineer on the Coast Line, living in Florence, told me that "RHEUMACIDE" cured him. I got a bottle and it benefitted me. I took five bottles and am now as well as I ever was in my life. I regard "RHEUMACIDE" as a great medicine. I know of others it has cured.

Truly,
S. T. BURCH.

DARLINGTON, S. C., Aug. 18th, 1902.

Gentlemen:—About two years ago I had a very severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism. I suffered great pain and was confined to my bed for five weeks. During the time I was treated by two Physicians without permanent relief. Capt. Harker, a conductor on the Atlantic Coast Line heard of my condition and sent me two bottles of "RHEUMACIDE." I began to take it and in a week I got up and walked on crutches. After taking three bottles of the remedy I got entirely well and went back to my business.

I personally know of a number of other bad cases that were cured by the use of your medicine, in this town and vicinity. It is all that you claim for it.

Truly, J. L. SISKRON.

Sold by Druggists. Will be sent express paid on receipt of $1.00.
Bobbitt Chemical Co., - - Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

HATS AND GOWNS.

The New Millinery in Straw and Flowers—Smart Modistic Points.

The new millinery is certainly a joy. It is amazing what effective results are achieved with kiltings of spotted tulle and rosettes made of straw, and again some most attractive hats are entirely made of straw with straw cockades, and then blossoms of every sort and kind are permitted the privilege of decorating new hats, such flowers being for the most part very small. Blue hyacinths, in combination with pale green tulle and wreaths of green leaves, are delightful, and bunches of pink or red azaleas look beautiful on black or pink hats.

Very popular are hats of tuscan colored rush straw lined with pale blue and trimmed with a scarf of black and perhaps a bunch of pink roses, very small roses be it understood. The flower toques reappear in another form, being made of a larger shape than formerly, bending down somewhat in the front and sweeping upward at the back.

Simple hats are made of straw and trimmed with a scarf of soft silk with fringed ends, and the black hat is of course as popular as ever, made either in rolls of crin and trimmed with flowers or in folds of tulle and trimmed with black ostrich feathers.

A pretty way of trimming a black hat is to bind the under brim with rolls of white chiffon, laying over this jet butterflies, and the crown of this will be found encircled with a scarf of soft black satin, the ends arranged to fall over the hair.

If there be one shape more especially in favor than another it is that which turns down on the forehead and makes a curve up at the back, the back being filled in with velvet bows or bunches of flowers.

The silk confection of the cut shows some of the elaboration of the up to date dress. This rose pink taffeta gown is enriched with inlay of lace delineating an irregular apron panel. Triple flat shaped bands of lace over white satin, the novelty of the hour, encircle the skirt, which is striped

ELABORATE SILK GOWN.

with self toned satin ribbon alternately disappearing under the head of the top band or extending as loops over each of these three bands. Smaller ribbons form chevron straps, fastened with tiny steel buckles, and unite the two fronts of the tight fitting jacket. Others cross the revers, epaulets and collar diagonally in white satin or moire and are likewise finished off into loops and ends with buckles. Several rows run along the outside of the sleeves, forming a godet toward the wrist. Lace cuffs match the graduated transparent border round the jacket. The finely plaited chemisette is in white muslin, with a large bow in chiffon. Tufts of variegated roses and wired loops of black velvet with dying ends trim the hat of tuscan straw.

In the making of coming walking gowns fashion will a tale unfold, for the newest of coats show a tail at the back, and perhaps this is a very desirable state of affairs in view of the fact that we continue to patronize the tight fitting skirt, which is, in truth, not entirely becoming to every woman who elects to wear it.

That small tail at the back of the coat immediately takes off the look of undue tightness. In the front the coats are for the most part cut round and bear revers or a narrow galloon. Many coats are, however, cut three-quarter length, either with a belt or to fit tightly to the waist at the back and to be semifitting in the front.

A Slight Difference.

Collector—I left a bill here yesterday for some shirts your husband got. Did he look it over?

Lady of the House—No; he overlooked it.

LET ME SAY I have used Ely's Cream Balm for catarrh and can thoroughly recommend it for what it claims. Very truly, (Rev.) H. W. Hathaway, Elizabeth, N. J.

I TRIED Ely's Cream Balm and to all appearances am cured of catarrh. The terrible headaches from which I long suffered are gone.—W. J. Hitchcock, late Major U. S. Vol. and A. A. Gen., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Balm does not irritate or cause sneezing. Sold by druggists at 50 cts. or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., New York. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

DECORATIVE SLEEVES.

The Making and the Marring of Many Gowns Now Lie In These.

Sleeves have attained the very acme of elegance. Almost the first detail the eye of the experienced dresser travels to in some novel design is the sleeve, to find more likely than not the chief secret of success resting there. The present immense decorativeness of sleeves has developed by a process most gentle and discreet, and to the gown of determinedly simple aspect, such as those in "the inner circles" now affect, the sleeve plays a most important part.

As things go, for the immediate moment the tendency is to keep the shoulders flat and close, the elbow or just below being marked by some extravagant excrescence in the form of a puff, and it is upon the length and breadth and general disposal of this latter that variety is brought to play.

The latest evolvement of the always popular bishop sleeve is distinguished, as shown midway of the pictured group, by the fullness being laid in a box plait at the back of the wrist and the arm nicely defined on either side. The tailoring world is disposed to make much of this neat arrangement in the cause of gowns of severe style. Nor will furriers be far behind in appreciation of its merits, since it is a model that meets the decrees of shapeliness and style.

A little to the right we find a perfect pattern for the heavier woolen stuffs of the deep cuff disposed in a series of stitched bands, each one decoratively held by a button. Above comes the inevitable long, drooping puff, the fullness from the shoulder divided into three double box plaits, pressed and stitched down invisibly from the inside, though presumably held taut by two buttons. And this again is a design likely to be included in the tailor's category as well as the rather mediæval affair beneath it at the left, which, in point of novelty, we may perhaps regard as the chef d'œuvre of the collec-

VARIETY IN SLEEVES.

tion. There has been a marked feeling throughout the last few months for the long, shaped shoulder epaulet or cape, and of a fact no more graceful result could have been achieved than this elongated close fitting upper part, which forms, together with a correspondingly deep cuff, a sort of restraining sheath to the exuberant puff. A velvet sleeve with a silk puff is assuredly worthy of serious consideration.

The picturesque bell sleeve set into a turnback cuff is a clever pattern, especially destined for a sack coat or paletot, in velvet or cloth for the present and later on in fur, and the double unrestrained bell model at the summit of the cut is most suitable to matronly wear.

The evening sleeves must perforce speak for themselves.

Freaks of the Tariff.

The following amusing details of the freaks of the custom house are told in the Munchener Zeitung: A German gentleman returning from southwest Africa brought with him a tiny monkey weighing about two pounds. From Tanga to Genoa the animal was conveyed gratis. Thence to the Swiss frontier 15d. was charged on it as "a bird." The St. Gothard railway officials, however, viewed it as "a dog," and charged 7s., while on the Eastern Swiss railway it became a mere "package," liable to 8d. Through Baden and Wurttemberg the animal was passed free, but at Stuttgart it again became "a dog" and cost another 17d.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

C. C. Railroad—102 bales cotton, 67 barrels tar.

W. & W. Railroad—84 bales cotton, 8 barrels tar.

W., C. & A. Railroad—205 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 59 barrels rosin, 137 barrels tar, 33 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—6 casks spirits turpentine, 265 barrels rosin, 51 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—18 bales cotton 9 casks spirits turpentine, 29 barrels rosin.

Steamer Black River—13 casks spirits turpentine, 150 barrels rosin, 20 barrels tar.

Steamer City of Fayetteville—51 bales cotton, 15 barrels tar.

Steamr Carib—317 bales cotton.

Total—677 bales cotton, 36 casks spirits turpentine, 513 barrels rosin, 296 barrels tar, 33 barrels crude turpentine.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET

[Quoted officially at the closing by the Chamber of Commerce.]

STAR OFFICE, January 28.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 51c per gallon.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1.65 per barrel for strained and $1.70 per barrel for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.60 per barrel of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm at $2.00 per barrel for hard, $3.50 for dip.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm at 45@43c; rosin firm at $1.10@1.15; tar firm at $1 35; crude turpentine firm at $1.35 @2.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	36
Rosin	513
Tar	33
Crude turpentine	298

Receipts same day last year—42 casks spirits turpentine, 220 barrels rosin, 405 barrels tar, 57 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 8¼c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	6½	cts. ₱ lb
Good ordinary	7½	" "
Low middling	8¾	" "
Middling	8¾	" "
Good middling	9¾	" "

Same day last year, market steady at 7¾c for middling.

Receipts—677 bales; same day last year, 578.

[Corrected Regularly by Wilmington Produce Commission Merchants, prices representing those paid for produce consigned to Commission Merchants.]

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina, firm. Prime, 67½c; extra prime, 73½c; fancy, 75c, per bushel of twenty-eight pounds Virginia—Prime, 60c; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c. Spanish (new), 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 65@67½c per bushel for white.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 15@16c per pound; shoulders, 10@12½c; sides, 12¼c.

EGGS—Dull at 20c per dozen.

CHICKENS—Firm. Grown, 25@30c; springs, 15@20c.

TURKEYS—Firm at 12@13½c for live.

BEESWAX—Firm at 25c.

TALLOW—Firm at 5¼@6¼c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Dull at 50c per bushel.

BEEF CATTLE—Firm at 3@4c per pound.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Money on call steady at 3½@4 per cent., closing at 3½@3¾ per cent.; time money firm; 60 days, 4¾@5 per cent; 90 days, 4¾@5 per cent.; six months 4¾@5 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange was heavy; actual business in bankers' bills at 486 75@486.80 for demand and at 483.80@483 85 for sixty days. Posted rates 484½ and 488 Commercial bills 482¾@483¾. Bar silver 47¾. Mexican dollars 37½. Government bonds steady. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds irregular. U. S. funding 3's, registered, 109; U. S. refunding 3's, coupon, 109; U. S. 3's, registered, 107; do. coupon, 107¾; U. S. 4's, new registered, 134½; do. coupon, 136¾; U. S. 4's, old, registered, 110; do. coupon, 110; U. S. 5's, registered, 103; do. coupon, 104¼; Southern Railway, 5's, 117

Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 100¾. Chesapeake & Ohio 52¼; Manhattan L 144¾; New York Central 151; Reading 61¾; do. 1st preferred 87¾; do. 2nd preferred 74¾; St. Paul 177⅞; do pref'd, 193; Southern Railway 35⅞; do. pref'd 95¼; Amalgamated Copper 66¾; People's Gas 105⅝; Sugar 139½; Tennessee Coal and iron 63⅝; U. S. Leather 12¼; do pref'd, 88¾; Western Union 90; U. S Steel 37¼; do. pref'd 87¼; Virginia-Carolina Chemical 62; no sales. do. preferred, 121; sales — common. Standard Oil, 735@740.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 28.—Seaboard Air Line, common, 25¼; do. preferred, bonds, 43¼; fours, 83¾.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Rosin firm. Spirits turpentine quiet at 64¼@65.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 28.—Spirits turpentine firm at 60c; sales — casks. Rosin firm; sales — casks: A, B, C, $1 65; D, $1 65; E, $1 65; F, $1 70; G, $1 80; H, $2 00; I, $2 35; K, $2 80; M, $3 30; N, $3 50; W G, $3 75; W W $4 15.

SAVANNAH, Jan 28.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 61c; receipts 169 casks; sales 42 casks; exports 16 casks. Rosin firm; receipts 3,473 barrels; sales 3,284 barrels; exports 1,510 barrels. Quote: A, B, C, $1 75 D, $1 75 E, $1 75; F, $1 80; G, $1 90; H, $2 15 I, $2 50; K $3 00; M, $3 35; N, $3 55 W G, $3 80; W W, $4 20.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—The cotton market opened firm at an advance of four to six points and became very active and decidedly stronger, January contracts going to an advance of nineteen points and the rest of the list at best showing an advance of six to twelve points. The market was finally firm at practically the high level of the session, the net improvement being a matter of five to eleven points, except on January which closed at a net rise of eighteen points. Business was exceptionally heavy, the total transactions in futures being estimated at 500,000 bales. At to-day's best prices the trading level was three to five points above the previous high mark. The upward movement had started unexpectedly, cables which were due to come reporting an advance of one to two points, and an advance of four to five on futures and eight points on spot cotton. Private cables stated that the English improvement was due to a heavy demand from spinners in view of the continued disappointment over proportions of the movement of cotton from the interior of the belt, and the unfilled promises which have been made for several months of a heavier movement and consequently lower prices. The statistical position of cotton remains quite as strong as ever. The spot cottons of the country were general 1 16 to ⅛ higher. Reports from print cloths and yarns markets were still strong and cotton goods generally were reported to be showing an upward tendency which gave a strong undertone to the afternoon market for cotton.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Cotton steady at 9.05c; net receipts 1,050 bales; gross receipts 7,087 bales; stock 161,757 bales.

Spot steady, 5 points higher; middling uplands 9.05c; middling gulf 9 30c; sales — bales.

Futures opened firm and closed firm. The closing quotations were: January 8 94, February 8.85, March 8.89, April 8.91, May 8 94, June 8.92, July 8.92, August 8 72, September 8.30, October 8.18.

Total to-day, at all seaports—Net receipts 25,685 bales; exports to Great Britain 3 513 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent 12,987 bales; stock 1,056,636 bales.

Consolidated, at all seaports—Net receipts 124,535 bales; exports to Great Britain 38,207 bales; exports to France 28,578 bales; exports to the Continent 78,854 bales.

Total since September 1st, at all seaports—Net receipts 5,789,496 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,795,867 bales; exports to France 533,756 bales; exports to the Continent 1,877,179 bales.

Jan. 28.—Galveston, firm at 8¾c, net receipts 7,857 bales; Norfolk, steady at 8¾c, net receipts 1,496 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 9c, net receipts — bales; Boston, steady at 9c, net receipts 455 bales; Wilmington, firm at 8¾c, net receipts 677 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 9.30c, net receipts — bales; Savannah, firm at 8¾c, net receipts 5,083 bales; New Orleans, strong at 8¾c, net receipts 8,144 bales; Mobile, firm at 8¾c, net receipts 1,019 bales; Memphis, firm at 8¾c, net receipts 1,535 bales; Augusta, firm at 9c, net receipts 243 bales; Charleston, firm at 8 8 16c, net receipts 194 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Flour was quiet and a shade lower; winter extras $2 80@3 10; winter low grades $2 50@2 90. Rye flour steady. Wheat—Spot easy; No 2 red 81¾c. Options closed about steady at ¼@¾c net decline. Sales were; March closed 82¾c; May closed 81¾c July closed 78¾c Corn—Spot easy; No 2 56¾@58c Options closed steady at 1¾c net rise on January but partly ¾c off otherwise, closing: January closed 71c; February closed 60c. March closed 56¼c May closed 50¾c July closed 48¾. Oats—Spot easy; No. 2, 43c. Options were irregular all day and finally closed steady. Sales: May closed 41¾c. Lard easy; Western steam $10 25, refined easy; continent $10 45; compound 7¼@7¾c. Pork steady. Tallow quiet. Butter firm extra creamery 26c; State dairy 19@25c. Cheese firm new State full cream, small colored, fancy fall made 14¾c; small white, fall made, 14¾@14¾. Coffee—Spot Rio quiet Sugar Raw steady; centrifugal, 96 test, 3 11 16c; refined sugar steady. Rice firm. Molasses firm. Peanuts were steady; fancy hand picked 4¾@4¾c; other domestic 3@4¾c. Cabbages easy; domestic, per barrel red $1 00@1 25; white 75@80c. Freights to Liverpool—cotton by steam 12c. Eggs steady; State and Pennsylvania average best 25@27c. Cotton seed oil was quiet but steady; there were a few sales of March at old quotations, as follows: Prime crude here nominal; prime crude f. o. b. mills 34@34¼c; prime summer yellow 40¾@41c; off summer yellow 39c; prime white 45c; prime winter yellow 45c; prime meal $37 50@28 00, nominal.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—There were still further declines in wheat to-day on general liquidation and May closed ½c@1c lower. May corn closed a shade up, while oats were ½@¾c higher. Provisions closed steady with May products down 3½ to 10@12½c.

CHICAGO, Jan. 28.—Cash prices: Flour dull and easy. Wheat—No. 2 spring 76¾@77c; No 3 spring 66@70¾; No. 2 red 73¾@75c Corn—No 2 45¼c; No. 2 yellow 45¼c. Oats—No. 2—c; No. 2 white —c; No. 3 white 33¾@34¼. Mess pork, per barrel, $16 62½@16 75. Lard, per 100 lbs., $10 10@10 30. Short rib sides, loose, $8 95@9 05 Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $8 25@8 50. Short clear sides, boxed, $9 37½@9 62½. Whiskey—Basis of high wines, $1 30.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 January 74¼, 74¼, 74, 74¼; May 78¾@78¾, 78¾@79, 77¾, 78¾c; July 73¾@74¼, 74¾, 73¾, 74¼c. Corn—No 2, January 45, 48¾, 44¾, 45¾; May 44¾@44¾ 44¾@44¾, 44, 44¾@44¾c; July 43¾@43¾, 43¾, 42¾, 43¾@43¾c. Oats—No 2, May 33 33¾, 32¾, 33c; July 32¾@32¾, 32¾, 32¾c. M

PUZZLE PICTURE.

THE WEELITTLES IN NEW YORK.

The Weelitties pass through Herald Square - the center of New York's Activity.

FIND THEIR LADY COMPANION.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

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35 DOSES - 35 CENTS

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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

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Hot Mineral Drinking Water and Baths, with temperature ranging from ninety-six to one hundred and ten degrees. Strongly Alkaline and Nature's Specific for Rheumatism, Gout, Sciatica, and all kindred troubles. There are no cases which they will not greatly relieve, and few which they will not positively cure, if faithfully used. These Springs are in the grounds of the

MOUNTAIN PARK HOTEL,

A Hostelry with accommodations for Three Hundred Guests, and New, Modern, Elegant. Situated in a park of one hundred acres, on the bank of the French Broad River, thirty-five miles west of Asheville, on the main line of the Southern Railway, surrounded by some of the grandest mountains east of the Rocky Mountains. No Humidity. No Fogs. A delightful Home for the Pleasure-Seeker, an Eden for the Rheumatic. No healthier, no more delightful place in the world.

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HOWELL COBB, Proprietor.

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J. C SHEPARD, Jr., Wilmington.

UNCLE JERRY'S CONSENT

... BY C. B. LEWIS

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Jeremiah Mead, farmer, money lender, bargain driver and tight fisted citizen of Blair county, had earned the name of a hard man. His wife was submissive to servility. His son George, their only child, had grown up in fear of him and after reaching his majority still worked on without wages.

Jeremiah had foreclosed mortgages without mercy, he had lent money at usurious interest, and no one could remember a neighborly act on his part. Uncle Jerry, as he was called, knew that he was in bad odor all over the county, but he rather gloried in it.

It was seldom that the son George had a dollar of his own or a day's vacation, but he made few complaints, no matter what he thought of the situation. Having none of the father's characteristics, he was a general favorite, as far as people knew him. At

ONE MOVE OF HIS HAND WOULD HAVE RESULTED IN A THOUSAND STINGS.

the age of twenty-one he had never spoken to five members of the opposite sex and was as bashful as a girl of sixteen.

The crisis of his young life occurred one day when, driving sheep over to the Rawsonville market, he passed the farmhouse of the Widow Blair. He was just in time to assist the hired man, the widow and her daughter Polly to extinguish a fire in the barn. Although he hurried on as soon as possible, he had left his heart behind with Polly.

Nothing was said about his adventure when he returned home, and bashful as he was he had managed to see Polly half a dozen times and excite her interest before the news reached the father's ears. After a little reflection Uncle Jerry went to the field where George was hoeing potatoes.

"Look here, George. It's about time you got married. The house is big enough for another family, and of course you have no thoughts of leaving home. I guess you'd better shine up to Jim Taylor's gal. She ain't much on looks, as I'll allow, but I've heard she was a great worker. There's going to be a circus in Rawsonville next week, and I don't mind giving you a dollar to take her along."

George managed to reply that he didn't think he'd get married for awhile yet.

"Well, there's no hurry, of course, but lemme tell you something. I've heard that you was casting sheep's eyes toward the Widder Blair's. You might as well quit that. I'd rather see you in your grave than married into that family."

"Isn't the widow a nice woman?" asked George.

"No, sir, she ain't!" decisively replied the father. "I had two lawsuits with her about ten years ago, and she beat me in both. I'd also have got the prize on hogs at the county fair last year if she hadn't had six of hers there. She's the last woman on earth I want related to me. Better go over to Taylor's tonight and ask Sarah to go to the circus with you."

But George didn't, and a month later he almost paralyzed his father by saying:

"Dad, I have asked Polly Blair to marry me, and she has consented."

"Jerusha, but you don't mean it!" shouted the father as he jumped clear off the ground.

"I do," was the quiet reply.

"But you can't marry her, George. I forbid you to. I'll never give my consent to any such thing. If you want to marry, go over and ask Sarah Taylor to have you."

"I'll never do it!"

There was open rebellion at last, the first time the son had ever questioned parental authority. Uncle Jerry's first thought was to lock the boy up in the smokehouse, the next to threaten to disinherit him. Then his shrewdness came to his aid, and he said:

"We won't say no more about it just now, but when we come to have a talk I guess we can agree."

Three days later he drove up to the Widow Blair's. He intended to pitch in so vigorously that the widow and her daughter would order him off the place and his son after him. As he drove up he saw the widow out in the orchard and heard her drumming on a tin pan. He turned in that direction. He was thinking of how he should open the matter when something bussed past his ear, and ten seconds later he found his head in a circling cloud of bees. One of the widow's hives was swarming. No matter whether the bees took him for a rosebush or a sunflower, they began settling down on his head and shoulders. In five minutes he was almost hidden from sight and perfectly helpless. One move of his hand would have resulted in a thousand stings.

"Well, Uncle Jerry," said the widow as she carefully advanced, "I was rather expecting you. I am glad you've come. I suppose you want to talk about George and Polly getting married?"

"Y-yes," softly replied the caller. "I came to say that I have told George it mustn't be."

"Oh, you did! Well, I quite agree with you, and you can go back home."

"But how can I go?"

"Any way you wish. If you carry the bees home, I hope you'll bring them back tomorrow."

"But I can't do it!" he wailed. "I dasn't move a foot. If the bees get mad, I'm a dead man!"

"Yes, to be sure, but I've got other work on hand. I don't think you'll have to stand here over a week before the bees will find the new hive."

"Lord, widder, but you won't leave me in this fix! You the heart to do it?"

"Oh, it's no use to talk about hearts!" she replied. "George and Polly have both got hearts, but it's nothing to us. I wonder just how many bees are hanging to your right ear!"

"Millions, widder, millions," he hoarsely whispered, "and millions more to my hat and hair and chin! Can't they be scraped off?"

"Not today, Uncle Jerry. I hear you don't like me."

"But I do. You beat me in them lawsuits, but you ought to, I guess."

"But you don't like Polly."

"Yes, I do. Polly is the nicest girl in all this county."

"She is that, but how you move about! You must stand as steady as a tree. Yes, Polly is a nice girl."

"But do something for me!" he entreated.

"How can I? You don't like me, and you don't want George and Polly to marry, and"—

"Widder Blair," came the whispered words from amid the bees, "I like you. I like Polly."

"And George?"

"He may marry Polly tomorrer. Hang it, only get these bees off'n me, and George and me will marry the hull caboodle of you before sundown!"

Uncle Jerry's word was considered as good as his bond, and half an hour later, by careful manipulation, the bees were hived and he was free to go. Pale faced and weak in the knees, he drove into the barnyard, calling to his son:

"George go over to the Widder Blair's tonight and ask Polly if she'll be ready to marry you a week from today?"

Took a Slow Train.

"I want to go to Lancaster," said a nervous looking old woman as she peered through at the ticket seller in the Broad street station. "Will you kindly tell me when the next train goes?"

"The next train leaves at 11:40," was the reply.

"And when does it reach Lancaster?" asked the old woman.

"It's a two hour express; gets there at 1:40."

"Goodness me! I don't like to travel so fast. I'm afraid of accidents."

"No danger at all, madam, I assure you."

"But surely you have slower trains."

"Oh, yes; there's one at 12:40, that doesn't get to Lancaster until 3:10."

"Well, I guess I'll wait for that one. There's no use in taking any unnecessary risks." And she bought her ticket to Lancaster and sat down to wait for the slow train.—Philadelphia Record.

Tried to Conceal It.

It's the old story of "murder will out," only in this case there's no crime. A woman feels run down, has backache or dyspepsia and think's it's nothing and tries to hide it until she finally breaks down. Don't deceive yourself. Take Electric Bitters at once. It has a reputation for curing Stomach, Liver and Kidney troubles, and will revivify your whole system. The worst forms of those maladies will quickly yield to the curative powers of Electric Bitters. Only 50 cents, and guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared to cure Piles and DOES IT in short order. Easy to apply, every box guaranteed, 50c. and $1.00. All druggists or by mail. WILLIAMS M'F'G Co., Cleveland, Ohio. Sold by J. C. Sheppard, Jr.

No Man Can Die

Of any form of Fever who uses Johnson's Chill and Fever Tonic even halfway right. It is 100 times better than quinine, and does in a day what slow quinine cannot do in ten days. Johnson's Tonic will drive out every trace and taint of Grip Poison from the blood. Write for Agency to A. B. Girardeau, Savannah, Ga.

BLOOD POISON

Bone Pains, Itching, Scabby Skin Diseases.

Cancers, Blood Troubles, Pimples, Sores

Permanently cured by taking Botanic Blood Balm. It destroys the active Poison in the blood. If you have aches and pains in bones, back and joints, Itching Scaby Skin, Blood feels hot, Swollen Glands, Risings and Bumps on the Skin, Mucus Patches in Mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-Colored Spots, all run-down, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair or Eyebrows falling out, take

Botanic Blood Balm, guaranteed

to cure even the worst and most deep-seated cases where doctors, patent medicines and hot springs fail. Heals all sores, stops all aches and pains, reduces all swellings, makes blood pure and rich, comp'etely changing the entire body into a clean, healthy condition. B. B. B. has cured thousands after reaching the last stages of Blood Poison.

Old Rheumatism, Catarrh, Eczema, Itching Humors, Scrofula

are caused by an awful Poisoned condition of the Blood. B. B. B. stops Hawking and Spitting, Itching and Scratching, cures Rheumatism, Catarrh; heals all Scabs, Scales Eruptions, Watery Blisters, foul festering Sores; by giving a pure, healthy blood supply to affected parts.

Blood Balm Cures Cancers of All Kinds.

Suppurating Swellings, Eating Sores, Tumors, ugly Ulcers. It kills the Cancer Poison and heals the sores or worst cancer perfectly. If you have a persistent Pimple, Wart, Swellings, Shooting, Stinging Pains, take Blood Balm and they will disappear before they develop into Cancer.

OUR GUARANTEE.

Buy a large bottle for $1, of any druggist, take as directed. Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) always cures when the right quantity is taken. If not cured your money will promptly be refunded without argument. Blood Balm Co

Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) is Pleasant and safe to take. Thoroughly tested for 80 years. Composed of Pure Botanic Ingredients. Strengthens weak kidneys and weak stomachs, cures dyspepsia. Complete directions go with each bottle. Sample of B. B. B. and Pamphlet Sent Free by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe your trouble, and special free medical advice, to suit you case, also sent in sealed letter.

dec 15 1yr su th w

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm

cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

sep 16 tf su tu th

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.

th th 8 m

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by J. C. Shepar

Plenty of New Spring Goods

COMING IN.

AT GAYLORD'S BIG RACKET STORE

They have opened up many cases of new and pretty goods this week.

Beautiful Mercerized Silk Finished White Goods.

We have a most exquisite line of the newest and prettiest patterns for ladies' early Spring Waists—run in prices from 18c to 29c per yd; we have a pretty line of White Goods from 8c to 12½ per yd; 100 pieces India Linen, 12½c values, we now offer at 10c before the season opens.

A special drive in Silks—all colors in pretty China Silk at 29c per yd. An elegant Taffetta Silk in all colors and black at 49c; an extra heavy quality of Black Taffetta Silk, yard wide, special at 88c, worth $1; a beautiful White China Silk at 50c per yd; a guaranteed Taffetta Silk $1.19 per yd; the heaviest and best warranted Taffetta, yard wide, at $1.39 per yd. Fifty pieces pretty Tricots in all the shades—pinks, bright blues and all staple colors, special at 25c per yd. A big selection of pretty patterns in a F. C. Madras, special at 10c per yd; a beautiful line of Madras in extremely pretty colors, equal to best 10c quality, we are selling at 8c. A nice line of Worsteds, special this week at 9c per yd. Nine thousand yards Tobacco Cloth, one yard wide, at 1½c per yard; 1,000 yards heavy Homespun at 4c per yard; 450 yards Old Glory Bleaching, equal to Fruit of Loom, at 7c per yard. Splendid yard wide Cavalier Bleaching at 5c. Fruit of Loom, Masonville, Androscoggin and Barker's—plenty of all grades.

A big drive in Birdseye, best antiseptic quality, at 50c, 60s, 70c, 75c and 85c for the widest; also a full stock of Rubber Sheeting 1 yd wide at 38c, yard wide for 50c, 2 yards wide for $1.

Window Shades—Our shade department will be full and complete; shades 10c up, best opaque linen shades 23c; heavy knotted foreign shades 35c; dadoed and figured shades for 85c.

Lace Curtains—Do you need any? If you do look at our line. We buy direct from the factory in wholesale quantities and can undersell competition; good curtains at 45c a pair; 3 yard long curtains at 75c a pair; beautiful 3 yard curtains at $1 a pair.

Blankets—We are anxious to close out our stock and will undersell any competition in heavy wool blankets; good 11-4 Blankets at $1.85; best all wool Blanket for $2 50. Our $5 Blankets are going for $3.75.

These prices are quoted spot cash and we punch no card on them, it is simply turning Blankets into money.

Out in Prices on Ladies' Hats—We will give you your choice out of 500 Hats for 25c each. We also have about 100 ready-to wear Hats, you can have your choice of for 60c each. In ladies' early Spring Hats, we have plenty of pretty black chips; nice nobby black Sailors and plenty of new Spring flowers; 500 pieces pretty new Ribbon and 400 yards yard-wide Silk which we are selling at 35c per yard.

All Silk Ribbon No. 40, in pretty colors, at 10c per yd.

Good Sailors—25c, 35c and 50c.

Shoes—wet weather calls for shoes—we have thousands of pairs. We try hard to fit your feet and suit your pocketbook. We sell nothing but guaranteed all solid shoes or no sale. Our men's guaranteed shoe at $1.25 cannot be matched in the city—it is built of leather and made to wear—it is made to fit and will not rip. It combines elegance and service, and our price is $1 25. Call for the Heart and Arrow Shoe and you get the best.

In Ladies' Shoes, why not buy the Vicious? They are $1.50, and are equal to any $2 shoe sold in the city. We recommend them to wear, look and fit well, and will not rip. The manufacturers guarantee them. If they fail to do what we say, we give you a new shoe and they foot the bill.

Do you trade with us? If not, why not? We are your friends. We give presents with all cash purchases. Get your card punched and do your trading at

Gaylord's Big Racket Store.

GEO. O. GAYLORD,

jan 25 tf PROPRIETOR.

Coal, Coal.

BURN OUR COAL AND KEEP WARM.

This Coal is just as good as any that is sold in the City at present. It will burn freely in either Stove, Grate or Furnace. It is all lump and will not melt and run together, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

Remember it is only $5.00 per ton,

weight and quality guaranteed.

Give us your orders and save money.

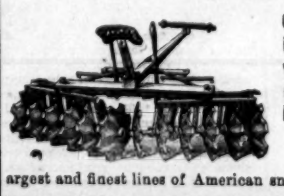
Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Phones—Bell 94. Inter-State 146. jan 25, tf

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.

"District Agents" for the

"CLARKS CUTAWAY DISC HARROWS,"



One of the greatest labor-saving machines known, and such work as it does cannot be done by any other machine made.

In a few days will show one of the largest and finest lines of American and English double and single breech C. ding Shot Guns ever brought to this market.

sep 17 tf Purcell Building, Wilmington, N C.

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WHAT OFTEN HAPPENS!

You have less coal in the cellar than you thought. The strike has put the price of Anthracite beyond our reach; however, we have on hand a large quantity of

Red Jacket Egg,
Tennessee Jellico,
Mountain Ash and Coke,

which are the best substitutes for Anthracite. Will be pleased to receive your orders, and will do our best to please you.

The Coal, Cement & Supply Co.

Sole Agents and Distributors.

Davis' 100 per cent. pure Paints, Colors and Varnishes, and

SOUTHERN OIL AND SUPPLY CO.'S

Lubricating, Linseed and Illuminating Oils.

Give us trial order.

'Phones—Inter State 72, Bell 645. 214 South Front street. jan 6 tf

Selz Schwab Shoes

Make Men's feet glad. They are the best that can be produced for Style, Wear and Comfort. We sell them in Vici, Calf and Box Calf, Bals, Bluchers and Congress.

Price $3.00 and $3.50.

They are trade winners that bring the trade.

SEE OUR WINDOW.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

jan 25 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

Schedule in Effect Jan. 11, 1903.

TRAIN 39 Leaves Wilmington at 4:30 P. M., arrives Lumberton 6:50 P. M., Pembroke 7:30 P. M., Maxton 7:55 P. M., Hamlet 8:40 P. M.

TRAIN 40 Leaves Hamlet at 8:20 A. M., arrives Maxton 9:13 A. M., Pembroke 9:45 A. M., Lumberton 10:08 A. M., Wilmington 12:30 noon.

WESTBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Hamlet	8 50 a m	9 00 p m
Ar Monroe	10 22 a m	10 45 p m
Ar Charlotte	11 40 a m	11 59 p m
Ar Chester	19 01 p m	11 50 p m
Ar Greenwood	8 19 p m	8 05 a m
Ar Athens	9 19 p m	4 15 a m
Ar Atlanta	7 40 p m	6 15 a m

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points.

SOUTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

Lv Hamlet	8 00 a m	8 45 a m	9 30 p m
Ar Columbia	7 24 a m	11 58 a m	1 10 a m
Ar Savannah	9 45 a m	3 15 p m	4 55 a m
Ar Jacksonville	1 30 p m	7 40 p m	9 15 a m
Ar Tampa		9 45 a m	6 00 p m

NORTHBOUND FROM HAMLET.

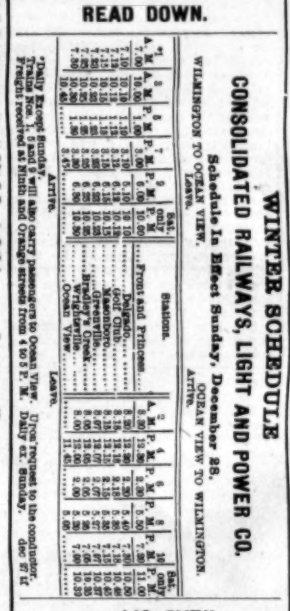
Lv Hamlet		10 25 p m	8 03 a m
Ar Raleigh		1 15 a m	11 10 a m
Ar Norlina		3 18 a m	1 35 p m
Ar Portsmouth			
Ar Norfolk		7 10 a m	5 35 p m
Lv Hamlet	10 25 p m	8 45 a m	12 10 a m
Ar Raleigh	1 15 a m	11 45 a m	2 38 a m
Ar Norlina	3 18 a m	1 50 p m	
Ar Petersburg	5 39 a m	4 05 p m	
Ar Richmond	6 10 a m	4 55 p m	6 40 a m
Ar Washington	9 45 a m	8 35 p m	10 10 a m
Ar Baltimore	10 59 a m	11 25 p m	11 34 a m
Ar New York	3 15 p m	6 30 a m	4 15 p m

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to Thomas D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

jan 13 tf

READ DOWN.



Price 1 Cent!

THE SUN

Now Sells for 1 Cent, and can be had of Every Dealer, Agent and Newsboy at that Price.

ALL SUBSCRIBERS IN

District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, North and South Carolina.

AS WELL AS THOSE IN

Pennsylvania and Delaware

AND THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES,

can get THE SUN by mail for one cent a copy.

The Sun at 1 Cent

IS THE CHEAPEST HIGH-CLASS PAPER IN THE UNITED STATES.

THE SUN'S special correspondents throughout the United States, as well as in Europe China, South Africa, the Philippines, Porto Rico, Cuba and in every other part of the world, make it the greatest newspaper that can be printed.

Its Washington and New York bureaus are among the best in the United States, and give THE SUN'S readers the earliest information upon all important events in the legislative and financial centers of the country.

THE FARMERS' PAPER.

THE SUN'S market reports and commercial columns are complete and reliable, and put the farmer, the merchant and the broker in touch with the markets of Baltimore, Norfolk, Charleston, New York, Chicago, Philadelphia and all other important points in the United States and other countries.

ALL OF WHICH

The Reader Gets for 1 Cent.

THE SUN is the best type of a newspaper, morally and intellectually. It is an educator of the highest character, constantly stimulating to noble ideals in individual and national life.

THE SUN is published on Sunday, as well as every other day of the week.

By mail THE DAILY SUN, $5 a year, including THE SUNDAY SUN, $6. THE SUNDAY SUN alone, $1 00 a year. THE WEEKLY SUN, $1.00 a year.

Address,

A. S. ABELL COMPANY,
Publishers and Proprietors.

jan 23 3t Baltimore, Md.

Maxton Building and Loan Association,

MAXTON N. C

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, MAXTON.
MD. MCRAE, MAXTON.
A. J. MCKINNON, MAXTON.
G. B. PATTERSON, MAXTON.
J B. WEATHERLY, MAXTON.
W. H. BERNARD, WILMINGTON.
M. G. MCKENZIE, MAXTON.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per share. Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share.

The management is prudent and economical as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred

D. CROOM President.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect Jan. 11, 1903.

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 48	No. 40
Lv Wilmington	9 30 a m	7 00 p m
Ar Goldsboro	12 01 p m	9 59 p m
Ar Wilson	1 18 p m	10 46 p m
Ar Rocky Mount	1 55 p m	11 35 p m
Ar Norfolk	5 55 p m	
Ar Weldon	4 03 p m	1 45 a m
Ar Petersburg	6 52 p m	3 35 a m
Ar Richmond	7 45 p m	4 07 a m
Ar Washington	11 40 p m	7 54 a m
Ar Baltimore	1 33 a m	9 10 a m
Ar Philadelphia	4 05 a m	11 35 a m
Ar New York	7 15 a m	2 00 p m

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 41	No. 49
Lv New York	8 55 a m	9 25 p m
Ar Philadelphia	11 30 a m	12 10 a m
Ar Baltimore	1 44 p m	2 27 a m
Ar Washington	3 20 p m	3 45 a m
Ar Norfolk		9 00 a m
Ar Richmond	6 56 p m	8 30 a m
Ar Petersburg	7 32 p m	9 15 a m
Ar Weldon	9 04 p m	11 22 a m
Ar Rocky Mount	10 07 p m	12 50 p m
Ar Wilson	10 46 p m	1 46 p m
Ar Goldsboro	7 16 a m	3 55 p m
Ar Wilmington	10 10 a m	5 45 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

SOUTHBOUND.

	Daily Ex. Sunday.	Daily.	Daily.
Lv Wilmington	6 00 a m	3 45 p m	7 00 p m
Ar Florence	9 25 a m	7 30 p m	10 56 a m
Ar Charleston	1 10 p m	11 15 p m	5 40 a m
Ar Savannah	6 35 p m	3 00 a m	7 55 a m
Ar Jacksonville		9 00 a m	12 45 p m
Ar Tampa		7 00 p m	10 50 p m

NORTHBOUND.

	Daily Ex. Sunday.	Daily.
Lv Tampa	8 00 p m	9 30 a m
Ar Jacksonville	7 30 a m	7 00 p m
Ar Savannah	1 10 p m	1 15 a m
Ar Charleston	8 15 p m	6 35 a m
Ar Florence	8 00 p m	9 45 a m
Ar Wilmington	11 45 p m	1 40 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

	West Bound Daily.	East Bound Daily
Lv Wilmington	3 10 a m	Ar. 5 00 p m
Ar Fayetteville	12 23 p m	Ar. 3 00 p m
Ar Sanford	1 50 p m	Lv. 3 45 p m

BETWEEN WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN.

	North Bound Daily ex Sunday.	South Bound Daily ex Sunday.
Lv Wilmington	12 23 p m	Ar. 12 06 p m
Ar Newbern	3 40 p m	Lv. 9 03 a m

‡Via Wilson.

Trains Nos. 40 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with Penna R. R. for all points east.

W. J. CRAIG, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

H. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

jy 31 tf

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN

ESTABLISHED 1831

The ONLY Agricultural NEWSpaper, AND ADMITTEDLY THE Leading Agricultural Journal of the World.

Every department written by specialists, the highest authorities in their respective lines.

No other paper pretends to compare with it in qualifications of editorial staff.

Gives the agricultural NEWS with a degree of completeness not even attempted by others.

INDISPENSABLE TO ALL COUNTRY RESIDENTS WHO WISH TO KEEP UP WITH THE TIMES.

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Four Months' Trial Trip 50 cents.

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will be mailed free on request. It will pay anybody interested in any way in country life to send for them. Address the publishers:

LUTHER TUCKER & SON, Albany, N. Y.

Subscriptions taken at this office. Both papers together, $

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 16.

To Take Effect Sunday, Oct. 21, 1900, at 12.01 A. M.

GOING EAST. No. 5 Pass'r Train. Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST No. 4 Pass'r Train. Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	5 40	Goldsboro	11 25	.....
.....	6 11	Kinston	10 12	.....
5 40	6 50	Newbern	9 27	7 20
7 20	7 07	Morehead City	7 10	7 17
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.25 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 4.06 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 5 connects with Southern Railway train arriving at Goldsboro 4.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 4.06 P. M. No. 5 train also connects with W. & W. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

oct 21 tf S. L. DILL, Sup

The Clyde Steamship Co

New York, Wilmington, N. C., and Georgetown, S. C., Lines

From New York for Wilmington

CARIB..... Saturday, Jan. 31
ONEIDA..... Saturday, Feb. 7

From Wilmington for New York.

CARIB..... Tuesday, Jan. 27
ONEIDA..... Saturday, Jan. 31

From Wilmington for Georgetown.

ONEIDA..... Tuesday, Jan. 27
CARIB..... Tuesday, Feb. 3

Steamship Carib has good passenger accommodation.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight and passage apply to H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt. Wilmington, N. C

THEO. G. SOEH, General Manager, 71 State street, New York

jan 24 tf

Fancy Fruits!

Grape Fruit,
Pineapples,
Pears, Grapes,
FLORIDA ORANGES,
Bananas and King Apples.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.

Bell 'Phone 680. jan 24 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, JAN. 29.

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice, Jan. 2,7 1903.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Mrs. Jas. Anderson, K. E. Borden, May Barkley, Miss Boatman, Camile Brown, Mrs. J. E. Brown, Dora Carner, Sarah J. Culey, Mary Garrison, Mattie Graham, Mrs. Richard E. Grant, Mildred Green, Maergia Grant, Rebecca House, Essie A. Jones, Sarah Jones, Idora Lamra, Callie Larsain, Mary McDaniel, Mary E. Moore, Lizzie Oston (2), Emma Rhoades, Mary Robinson, Pennie Rodgers, Fannie Rose, Emma Scott, Olive Turner, Ada Wheeler, Mrs. Luther Wheeler, Mrs. Fisher Wilkinson, Alice E. Williams.

MEN'S LIST.

W. G. Ashley, Solomon Atkinson, Thornton Atkinson, A. B. Brown, J. W. Brown, C. L. Burden, Wm. Cook, Usher Devane, J. R. Dixon, James Fitzpatrick, W. J. Gregg, Wade Harris, John Hasps, Walter Henry, Georgia Herring, Jack Hines, W. D. Holden, Lishu Johnson, W. D. Jones (3), J. M. Judge, Dock Hoo Lerest, Jack Lewis, J. H. Lewis, Robt. M. Lewis, Angus McCallum, D. E. McLeod, T. W. Mansfield, G. F. Mathise, Jim Mobley, S Mitchell, Bill Moore, J. H. Pahram, G. M. Roubbarson, A. B. Russ, Fred Russ, A. W. Simmons, Haywood H. Smith, Garfield Stanley, Archey Surlaney, Taylor Bros., Rev. J. W. Wells, P. E., C. F. Williams, E. B. Williams, P. H. Urrick, A. P. Ziegler.

RETURNED FROM DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

Mary Burrell.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office.

M. C. DARBY, Postmaster.

DEVOURED BY BEARS.

Three Children of a Virginia Mountaineer Attacked and One Killed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., January 28.—A Bedford City, Va., special says:

A few days ago three black bears attacked the children of a mountaineer named Parker, living on the road from Mone to Aracadia, on the James river, and killed and ate his two-year-old baby. Parker's three children were playing in the edge of the woods only a few hundred yards from the house, when suddenly the bears made their appearance. The animals were very bold, and the two older children rushed madly to the house, forgetful of the baby. The father and mother rushed to save the little one, but already the bears had torn the head from the body of the child and were greedily devouring it.

During the Winter black bears have been very troublesome in the mountains and have preyed on hogs and cattle to such an extent that owners have been forced to keep their stock housed.

ONE MAN KILLED.

Train Wreck on the Southern Road Near Marion, N. C.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 28.—A special from Marion, N. C., says:

About 6 o'clock this morning, east of Marion, at the intersection of the old Three C's and the Southern roads, an engine and caboose were wrecked by jumping the track. The engine and tender went thirty feet down an embankment. The caboose caught fire and burned. The conductor and the engineer escaped injury. The flagman and fireman were slightly hurt. Banks C. Carrick, a brakeman, was caught under the engine and killed.

AMERICANS KILLED.

In an Attack by Indians on a Mining Town in Mexico.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CANANEA, MEXICO, Jan. 28.—The Yaquis have attacked the town of San Marcial, the mining center of the State, and almost taken possession of it. The defenders of San Marcial against the Yaquis included more than twenty Americans, eight of whom were killed, among them Mr. McAllister, formerly superintendent of the Puerio Citos mine of this place; Frank Pendleton, formerly foreman of the the same mine, and Ed. Shutt, and George Carroll. It is stated that there were a number of Americans on the side of the Yaquis.

OFFICER BADLY HURT.

In a Fight With a Gang of Negro Thieves, One Negro Wounded.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA., Jan. 28.—In an affray to-night between special Policeman John Hayes, of Norfolk county and a gang of eight negroes, who it is alleged have been systematically robbing Norfolk and Western freight cars for two years, Officer Hayes received wounds that may result in his death and one of the negroes James Jackson, is in the jail hospital, probably fatally wounded. The other negroes escaped.

Many trunk manufacturers of the United States are planning a combination. A temporary organization was effected at a meeting held in New York yesterday. Thirty-five firms were represented.

Wonderful Nerve.

Is displayed by many a man enduring pains of accidental Cuts, Wounds, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Sore Feet or Stiff Joints. But there's no need for it. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and cure the trouble. It's the best Salve on earth for Piles, too. Only 25c at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

Johnson's Chill and Fever Tonic will drive out every trace and taint of Grip Poison from the blood and do its work quick and do it right. Old and neglected cases of Grip are quickly cured by a course of this wonderful medicine. Write to A. B. Girardeau, Savannah, Ga., for Agency. †

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

A SHARP DEBATE IN THE SENATE.

Remarks of Senator Rawlins Aroused the Ire of Senator Beveridge

OVER AFFAIRS IN THE ARMY.

Carmack Denounced the Charge That Democrats Were Its Assailants--The Statehood Bill Debated—Proceedings in the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—A sharp debate was precipitated in the Senate today when Mr. Rawlins called up his resolution offered yesterday directing the Secretary of War to furnish the Senate the proceedings of a number of court martials in the Philippines. In the course of his remarks Mr. Rawlins referred to the death of Father Augustin and said he was murdered in cold blood. This aroused the ire of Mr. Beveridge, who demanded specifically to know who had committed the cold blooded murder.

Mr. Carmack entered the debate and characterized the charge, which he said repeatedly had been made, that the Democrats were assailing the army, as the "meanest and dirtiest" of any that had been made against that party.

Mr. Proctor defended Captain Cornelius M. Brownell, who had been mentioned in the Rawlins resolution as being responsible for Father Augustin's death.

Mr. Rawlins said he had not specifically charged any person with having committed cold blooded murder, but his statement was based on affidavits on file in the War Department. "It is the old charge," he said "that we have called attention to tortures and thereby have been arraigning the American army. It is a false and infamous charge, and I will cram it down the teeth of the men who have falsely given it utterance. I brand the statement as infamous, if not cowardly. It is simply an attempt to put me in a false position which I will not occupy."

"If that is the best explanation the senator can give," remarked Mr. Beveridge, "for his remarkable language here, I think the best friend the senator has would advise him to accept the alternative of silence."

Mr. Hoar interrupted and asked if it was fair to impute to anybody a desire to attack the American army when the government of the United States itself through its military authority has made such charges.

Mr. Carmack characterized the charge that the Democrats were assailing the army, as the "meanest and dirtiest" of all that had been made. "It has been the vermin," he said, "of this debate and I am a little surprised to find it crawling in the hair of the honorable senator from Indiana. Jake Smith is no more the American army than the senator from Indiana is the American Senate, and not half as much as he thinks he is."

Whoever made the charge, he said, consciously took a falsehood upon his lips when he spoke it. He declared that the Senate Committee on the Philippines had refused to investigate the facts of the murder of Father Augustin. There had been a policy of suppression, he asserted, and in the case of another witness who, he said, had testified falsely before the committee, he had been allowed to go unpunished. He insisted that whatever action had been taken by the President and the War Department had been because they were driven to it by the minority of the Senate and that even then no single fact was brought to light.

Replying, Mr. Beveridge said Mr. Carmack had made his charge because the investigation did not result as he (McCarmack) had hoped it would.

Mr. Carmack, again reverting to the investigation by the Committee on the Philippines as to the conduct of the army in the Philippines, said that it occupied but four days of seven hours each, "although the secretary of war, with his usual loose and lavish unveracity, said it occupied five months."

Mr. Proctor defended Captain Cornelius M. Brownell, who is charged in the Rawlins resolution with being responsible for the death of Father Augustin.

Mr. Proctor declared that Father Augustin was the head and front of the insurrection in his district. From his standing in the church, he said, Father Augustin was able to divert, contrary to the canons of the church, its revenues from their legitimate purpose and use them to further the insurrection.

Mr. Proctor, replying to Mr. Tillman, said that Captain Bromwell had been mustered out of service and that the judge advocate general had held that he could not now be court martialed. Mr. Tillman interrupted and said that if Captain Brownell is innocent of murder he might not be able to prove it, but that those who desired to do so should be allowed to produce evidence showing that he is not innocent.

Mr. Proctor said that Captain Brownell was justified in taking the steps he did. He had, he said, seen men hung for a much less violation of the rules of war than Father Augustin was guilty of.

Mr. Tillman declared that "for the honor of the American army I would to God Father Augustin had been shot by a drum-head court martial instead of tortured to death."

The Statehood bill was taken up at 2 o'clock and Mr. Lodge spoke in opposition to it.

An attempt by Mr. Aldrich to divide the business of the Senate with the Statehood bill failed, and the Senate at 5:15 o'clock adjourned.

House of Representatives.

The House to-day made slow progress with the Indian Appropriation bill, covering only about eight pages in over four hours. Among the amendments adopted was one appropriating $4,000 in settlement of the claims of the eastern band of Cherokee Indians of North Carolina against the United States.

Mr. Burton, of Ohio, hung on the flank of Mr. Sherman, of New York, who had charge of the bill and insisted upon an explanation of every item.

He succeeded in having several appropriations cut down. In the course of the debate he furnished some interesting statistics on the subject of Indian education, designed to show that the more money the government spent the more helpless the Indians became. The Senate amendments to the bill to amend the bankruptcy act were agreed to. The Speaker appointed, Messrs. Hildebrandt, of Ohio; Hughes, West Virginia, and Bartlett, Democrat, Georgia, members of the temporary committee on accounts of the next Congress. The House adjourned until to-morrow.

For Whooping Cough use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

For sale by J. C. Shepard.

VENEZUELAN BLOCKADE IS NOT YET RAISED,

Belgium to Take Prominent Part in Administration of Customs Receipts. The Debt Over $14,000,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The Italian and British ambassadors and the German charge d'affaires, at a joint conference to-day, agreed to cable their governments urging a prompt acceptance of Mr. Bowen's proposition, to enable the lifting of the Venezuelan blockade at once. In this cablegram, which was sent at noon, it was suggested that the consideration of the details of the proposition be postponed until after the signing of the preliminary protocol.

Signor Mayor des Planches, the ambassador, as the ranking representative of the allies, called on Mr. Bowen this afternoon and informed him of the dispatch of the joint cablegram to the powers, and expressed the hope that it would expedite the arrival of the final answer.

Partial confirmation has been obtained here of cable dispatches that Belgium is to take a prominent part in the administration of the customs receipts. Mr. Bowen declines to discuss the details of his plan, however, until the blockade has been raised. Late this afternoon he gave out a brief statement of the diplomatic debt of Venezuela and the methods for its future adjustment. In round numbers this debt amounted on December 31, 1901, to something over $14,000,000 and consisted of claims which had been previously adjusted.

Still Waiting.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The British and Italian ambassadors and Count Quadt, the German charge d'affaires, called on Mr. Bowen, Venezuela's representative in the negotiations looking to raising the blockade and a settlement of the claims against Venezuela, about 10:30 to-night and were still in conference with him at 11:30.

The conference broke up at half-past 12 o'clock and the representatives of the allies proceeded at once to their homes. It was made known that no agreement had yet been reached for the raising of the blockade, and that further word must be awaited from Europe before this stage of the negotiations is passed. Mr. Bowen made the following statement:

"We have been discussing to-night certain points which needed to be clearly understood. They have been referred to us for consideration and our views are now to be communicated at once to Rome, London and Berlin."

The further statement was made after the conference that there was absolutely no foundation for charges that Germany was delaying the signing of the preliminary protocol. The representations considered to night emanated from the London Foreign Office.

AT A RAILROAD CROSSING.

Young Man and Woman Killed by a S. A. L. Train Near Savannah.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., January 28.—Harry Sanders and Miss Lillie Rushing were instantly killed at a railroad crossing by a Seaboard Air Line passenger train near Savannah to day. They were in a buggy with Miss Rushing's brother and his wife, both of whom miraculously escaped uninjured. A bluff obscures the railway track at the crossing and the party drove on the track before they were aware of the approach of a train. Sanders and Miss Rushing were to have been married in a few weeks The young woman's body was horribly mangled.

FATAL BOILER EXPLOSION.

Six Persons Killed and Twenty Others Injured at Anniston, Ala.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ANNISTON, ALA., Jan. 28.—A large boiler in the malleable foundry of the Southern Car and Foundry Company, blew up to-day, killing six persons and injuring probably twenty others, several of whom will die.

Parts of the boiler weighing a ton or more were blown over buildings a thousand feet from the place of the explosion. The cause of the explosion is not known.

FOG AT SAVANNAH.

Vessels Are Unable to Enter or Leave the Harbor.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., Jan. 28.—The steamers Nacoochee, from New York and Hudson from Baltimore with passengers, are lying off Tybee island unable to enter the harbor on account of the heavy fog. The steamer City of Savannah, for New York, is for the same reason unable to leave the harbor. The channel lights are obscured and vessels can get neither in nor out.

WARM WIRELETS

Patrick Divver, formerly police justice of New York city, and for years a Tammany Hall district leader, died at his home yesterday.

The British steamer Sagami, from Norfolk January 13th for Manila, has arrived at Cadiz, Spain, with cargo in the second hold on fire.

Three persons were killed, four seriously injured and eight slightly injured, in a rear end collision between stock trains of the Chicago and Northwestern, near LaFox, Ill., yesterday.

Gen. Adna R. Chaffee, commander of the Department of the East, who has been in Atlanta for two days inspecting general conditions at Fort McPherson, left last night for New Orleans.

Fishing schooners arriving at Mobile from Campeche Banks report that on last Monday night a tidal wave thirty-five feet high swept over the banks and nearly every boat of the fleet was more or less damaged. No loss of life is reported.

A snow slide at Park City, Utah, killed three miners outright and injured several others It swept down from the high mountain that overhangs the Quincy shafthouse, carrying the structure down in the valley below, and in its course wrought much other damage.

The Celebrated 1898 Vintage

is represented in this market by G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry Champagne, to whose magnificent quality and natural dryness is due its unique position, manifested by 125,719 cases imported in 1902, being 407,804 bottles more than any other brand

Anway's Croup Syrup is the only certain and safe cure for Croup, Coughs and Colds in babies. It is pleasant to give and must not be confounded with the cure all cough, remedies. Anways is for babies. 25 cts. at Robt. R. Bellamy's. †

JERSEY CENTRAL'S FATAL COLLISION.

The Total Loss of Life Up to Last Night Was Placed at Twenty.

OVER FIFTY WERE INJURED.

It is Believed That Several of the Injured Will Die—Fifteen of the Dead Residents of Plainfield—Engineer Blamed for the Disaster.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—The total loss of life by last night's fearful collision on the Central railroad of New Jersey at Graceland, N. J., is up to to-night twenty. In addition to these Engineer Davis and Fireman McCarthy, of the Philadelphia and Reading Express, who are in the hospital at Plainfield, may die at any moment and it is believed that several of the injured passengers cannot recover. The number of those known to be injured is upward of fifty, of whom thirteen remain in the hospital.

The blame for the disaster is placed by the railroad officials on Engineer Davis, who, according to a policeman who took him from the shattered cab of the engine, admitted that he had seen the red and green danger lights displayed, but expecting to see them suddenly change to white, rushed on till it was too late to check speed before he plunged into the rear of the train ahead. No statement has been obtained from Davis in the hospital, but in intervals of semi consciousness and delirium he moans, "I saw nothing."

According to the statement of the station agent at Cranford an attempt was made to hold the express at that point by telegraph, but almost at the instant the message was received the train thundered by at upwards of sixty miles an hour and the crash followed two minutes later.

Most of the passengers on the local express, on which all of those killed were riding, were well-to-do residents of Plainfield, N. J., and neighboring towns, who were returning to their homes from their places of business in New York. Of the identified dead fifteen lived in Plainfield, and in the long list of injured, Plainfield is given as the home of a majority. Nearly every block in the town seemed to have one or more of wounded in it today, but the city's facilities for caring for its stricken people were ample.

The Jersey Central tracks had been cleared before daylight, and the only signs to-day are three black patches on the spot where the wreckage burned.

Another Fatal Collision.

TUCSON, ARIZONA, January 28.—Two Southern Pacific passenger trains collided head-on when running at full speed near Vails, fifteen miles east of Tucson early to-day. Eleven cars were consumed in a few minutes.

Engineer Bruce and his fireman and Engineer Wilsia were burned to death and another fireman seriously injured. Eight bodies have been found. How many are injured cannot be learned.

A relief train has returned, bringing seventeen injured.

The first known of the collision was the coming of the tourist car, which broke loose from No. 9 and rolling down grade, ran to Tucson, where it was captured.

Humor of Boys and Girls.

From twelve on an increasing percentage of the children relinquish the idea that self is necessary in the joke and give more impersonal accounts. Girls more frequently than boys quote the humor of the refined adult and in personal experiences often describe occasions of their own timidity. This is probably due to the different home training a girl receives. She is continually drilled "to be a lady," which in most cases means to drop her natural instincts and to imitate the adults of her environment. About twelve she loses the fearlessness she has hitherto shared with her brothers and becomes good prey for their "scaring" schemes. This seems to develop the boys' teasing abilities, for, while before almost all their tricks were on their own sex, now the acme of their fun as recorded is to frighten some girl or to make her look ridiculous. A boy of twelve illustrates this tendency and by his mixed clauses gives further material for smiles. "The best joke I saw played was putting a bunch of firecrackers by a lady that were not lit, and they scared her."—Century.

A Score.

Twenty is called a score because it represents the whole man, ten fingers and ten toes. Etymologically it means a cut or mark. In very early times, when men could not count beyond twenty, or "one man," it was usual to cut a notch in a stick and begin again, and so it went on, one man, two men, and so on. This is why sheep are still counted by the score. Now, a tally (French taille, cut or nicked) means an account kept by means of a notched stick, and until the end of the eighteenth century such sticks were given as exchequer receipts, accompanied by a written document. This was also the usual way of keeping accounts in the inns of the middle ages. The number of drinks or meals a customer had were scored against him on what was called a tally stick, and when it reached twenty, or a "whole man," he was expected to pay. In some English country inns scores are still kept on a slate, four chalk marks and one across—five—and four of these make twenty, or a score.

Cockney Riddles.

"Why is a crane like a well known shellfish?" "Because it's an oyster" (a holster).

It is stated that a well known riddle was written by a costermonger. The riddle in question is a charade and runs as follows:

My first's a little bird as 'ops,
My second's needful in 'ay crops,
My 'ole is good with mutton chops.

The answer, of course, is "sparrow-grass," which the learned Dr. Parr always insisted on using in preference to the politer "asparagus."—Notes and Queries.

Patient Waiters.

"Mary, what are you sitting out on that damp porch for? Don't you know it's 11 o'clock?"

"George and I are looking for the new comet, ma."

"But the new comet isn't due for several nights."

"Well, we are in no hurry, ma."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Not So Strange.

It doesn't seem so remarkable that a diamond will cut glass when you consider that it will even make an impression on a woman's heart.

Quality is what makes price. If Burnett's Vanilla Extract was no better than other extracts its price would be the same. Once tried always used.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Notices For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Get a Gas Radiator for the hall. We are selling them below cost. Consolidated Railways, Light and Power Co. jan 27 1t

I Have two Mahogany dining tables (plain) for sale or exchange for other Mahogany. Preston Cumming, Saw Mill foot Dock street. jan 26 1t

To Exchange—I have a fine deer dog which I wish to exchange for a first-class opossum and coon dog Address, John G. Wagner, care F. W. Ortmann, Wilmington, N. C. jan 26 1t

Call at Winstead's for all kinds of foreign and domestic fruit; Bananas a specialty. No. 213 Market and 215 North Front street. Bell Phones 208 and 627. oc 29 tf

Sewing Machines, Typewriters, Organs and Furniture repaired, cleaned and revarnished; Upholstering done also. H. J. Ortman's headquarters for Wall Paper. J. B. Farrar, No. 254 North Second street. my 15 tf

Seed Potatoes

JANUARY ARRIVAL.

EARLY ROSE,
WHITE BLISS,
POLARIS, BOVEE.

All early varieties and adapted to this soil and climate.

Spring Oats, Wheat.

Book your orders.

THE WORTH CO.,

jan 9 tf Wilmington, N. C.

New and Popular Novels

The Wooing of Wistaria.
The Intrusions of Peggy.
The Blue Flower.
The Little White Bird.
The Kiss of Glory.
The Room with the Little Door.
Letters of a Self-Made Merchant to His Son.
Donovan Pasha, Capt. Macklin, Cecilia, The Pit.

We sell all $1.50 Books for $1.25.

ROBERT C. DeROSSET,

The Stationer,

5 tf 107 Market St.

Family Groceries.

FINE DRESSED

Turkeys, Chickens and Eggs.

All kinds of choice Family Groceries.

Cheapest Grocery in the city.

C. O. ALEXANDER.

No. 15 North Second St.

jan 3 tf

FISH PRIVILEGES.

The Shad Benches will be rented at Front Street Market upon the cash premium plan

Friday, January 30, at 12 M.

M. G. TIENCKEN,

Chairman Market Committee.

Jan 28 2t

We have on hand a fresh shipment of

WILEY'S CANDIES,

THE BEST MADE.

HARDIN'S

Palace Pharmacy,

126 South Front Street.

jan 1 tf Call both 'Phones 55.

SEED POTATOES

225 Bags E. R. Potatoes.
189 Bags Ohio Potatoes,
150 Bags Bliss (en route).
218 Barrels Mullets.
220 Gross Globe Matches.
190 Gross Coast Matches.
240 Gross Atlantic Matches.
160 Gross Little Star Matches,
1 Gross Matches, free with 10.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer,

jan 18 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Lands Posted.

The privilege of hunting on my lands near Wilmington having been leased, all persons are hereby warned against shooting, hunting, ranging o otherwise trespassing on said lands

no W NOBLE

NOTICE.

Cars will not run beyond Hanover street until track work is completed. A. B. SKELDING, Superintendent.

jan 25 4t

LANDS POSTED

The privilege of hunting on my lands near Wrightsville having been leased, all persons are hereby warned against shooting, hunting, ranging or otherwise trespassing on said lands.

Jan 17 10t GARRETT WALKER.

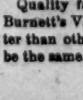
"THE FAVORITE."

"The Favorite" Barber Shop is now more attractive than ever. Recent improvements make it more pleasing to the eye; while it still maintains its old reputation for the very best service to its patrons.

no 29 tf QUION & DAVIS, South Front Street

Secure a House!

I HAVE FOR SALE



Dwellings and Vacant Lots

in any part of the city desired. Cash or time payment to suit buyer. D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent.

jan 8 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

LOW ROUND TRIP

Rates From Wilmington

Mardi-Gras, New Orleans, La., Feb. 16th-24th, 1903. Dates of sale Feb. 17th to 23rd, inclusive. Final limit Feb. 28th. Rate, $25.00 By deposit of tickets by original purchasers with Mr. Joseph Richardson, special agent, New Orleans, not earlier than Feb. 18th nor later than Feb. 28th and upon payment of fee of 50 cts. per ticket at time of deposit an extension of the final limit to a date not later than March 14th, 1903, may be obtained.

W. J. CRAIG,

Approved: Gen'l Passenger Agent.

H. M. EMERSON,

Traffic Manager.

nov 15 tf

Begin the New Year

AND CHEW

"Showdown" Tobacco.
"Showdown" Tobacco.
"Showdown" Tobacco

This brand has quality and is a good seller—handle it and increase your business. We handle all brands well known on the market and are headquarters for Tobaccos and Cigars. None better than

Cuban Blossom,
Renown, Renown
Topical Twist Head.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,

Distributors for brands of American and Continental Tobacco Co. jan 4 tf

Douglas Shoes

A large lot to arrive on next steamer, besides large shipments to follow soon after.

We did well last year and we expect to make 1903 our "Banner Year."

The "Cash on Approval Business" is doing the good work, because people find they can save much money on their FOOT WEAR at our store. New Customers tell us so almost daily. A full assortment of other good lines of Shoes always on hand. Don't forget this.

Mercer & Evans Co.,

63½ steps. jan 4 tf

J. W Murchison & Co.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

HARDWARE,

No. 109 and 111 North Front St., Wilmington, N. C.

Hardware of every description at the very closest prices. We buy in car load lots and can sell cheaper than those who buy in smaller quantities

Complete line of Agricultural Implements and Mechanics' Tools. We can sell you from a Tack Hammer to a Steam Engine, and from a Plow Point to the latest improved Farming Machinery.

Fine stock of Cutlery, Guns, Pistols and Sporting Goods. Loaded Shells with Black or Smokeless Powder, Hunting Suits, Game Bags, etc.

Cooking Stoves and Steel Ranges from the largest to the smallest in size as well as price Tinware, Acme Ware and Wooden Ware, Buckets for the well and domestic purposes. Plows, Harrows, Sweeps, Hoes, Shovels and Spades at prices to suit the farmer. Knives and Forks, Cutlery, etc. Cart Axles, Boxes Collars and Hames, Trace Chains, Back-bands and everything used on a well regulated farm.

jan 3 tf

FERTILIZER

Baugh's Pure Animal Bone Goods.

Acid Phosphate,
Kainit, Nitrate Soda,
Muriate Potash, Fish Scrap.

HALL & PEARSALL.

jan 7 tf

The Only Restaurant,

Our Restaurant Has Made a Reputation!

There are thousands of people in this city who when they think of our Restaurant think of a quiet and cozy place where the food is excellent, the service prompt and the prices moderate. It is now an assured success.

Orders for Plants, Floral Designs, Cut Flowers, Bouquets, &c., filled promptly and at reasonable prices.

CHARLES ANDERSON & CO.

Telephone 719. jan 3 tf

It is for you to say

If you know what first class goods are, as to quality and style. After seeing my line call and judge for yourself.

J. T. BURKE,

THE JEWELER,

27 South Front St.

dec 13 tf

Three Specials IN SILKS, EMBROIDERIES, WHITE GOODS.

Our White Goods Sale Still Continues.

New Goods are arriving daily.

Imported Goods

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR.

A. D. BROWN.

We have the prettiest White goods ever brought to this market for Dresses, Waists or Linens, white and colored for Suitings and Applique for trimming them.

English Corded Piques, white and colored.

French Checked basket weaves in black and white.

Dotted Swisses, Dimities in Stripes and Checks. New Persian Lawns figured in all colors.

Handsome Mercerized goods. Broadcloths to match.

Laces of all the newest designs and latest insertions.

All-over Laces in white and cream effects All-over Embroideries to match.

Applique Trimmings, Medallions, Chantilly Insertions, tucked; Mousseline and Lace insertions

Scotch Ginghams in wash fabrics, stripes, checks and solid colors, and Braid for Trimmings.

New Linens for Suitings and trimmings.

A. D. BROWN.

We now have the leading line of Corsets for the coming season: New Mattings, Oilcloths, Shades, Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains of all descriptions. Draperies, Fancy Linens for Tablewear, Chiffon Ruffs for Neckwear; Lace Collars.

Ladies' Skirts, Coats and Furs are still selling below cost.

New Patterns have arrived in Butterick's.

A. D. BROWN.

jan 27 tf

J. S. ARMSTRONG, President. ANDREW MORELAND, Cashier. J. W. YATES, Assistant Cashier.

The Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Organized 1892.

Capital	$125,000	DEPOSITS—We want your account. Write to us.	
Surplus	168,000	LOANS—Made liberally on best terms.	
Assets	2,000,000	COLLECTIONS—Special facilities of recognized superiority.	
		SAFETY BOXES Of steel for rent at low rates.	

jan 13 1t

Rehder's Rehder's

Great Mid-Winter Clearing Sale,

Monday, January 25th, to Saturday, January 31st.

This year we will combine our Mid Winter Clearing Sale with our usual Remnant Sale, making it one of the greatest sales of our business. All short lengths will be sold at about one half off the regular price. Everything else will go at about one quarter off.

All prices this week are strictly cash. No such bargains have been offered here before.

J. H. REHDER & CO,

615, 617 and 619 North Fourth Street,

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and over. jan 25 tf

In Keeping

With the dull and gloomy weather is business. I am sorry to say I cannot do anything with the weather; but to liven up business, I will make special reduced prices for the balance of January. If you have either credit or money, NOW is your opportunity. Would also be glad to renovate that old mattress, or patch that old rocker for just enough money to help pay my men's time in the dull season.

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties, 111 Market St

Bell 'Phone 613. Inter-State 421.

jan 25 tf

MONEY

Deposited with us on or before MONDAY, FEBRUARY 2ND, will draw 4 per cent. per annum from that date.

WHY NOT MAKE A START TO-DAY?

The People's Savings Bank.

Opposite the Postoffice.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, Vice President

jan 23 tf F. W. DIRK, Cashier

Special Notice.

Deposits made at this bank on or before Monday, February 2nd, will draw interest from that date.

With Assets over one million dollars and a surplus of fifty thousand dollars we offer the very best security. All deposits are subject to check without notice. Open an account now

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Co.,

108 Princess Street.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President

jan 17 tf C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier.

Shoe Strings

FOR

Shopping Bags.

Neckties and Belts.

Black,
White,
Red,
Green,
Old Gold.

Solomon's Shoe Store.

ja 25 tf

Wanted Raw Furs.

20,000 O'POSSUMS.
10,000 COONS.
5,000 SKUNKS.
3,000 FOX.
2,000 MINKS.
1,000 OTTERS.

Highest cash prices paid and quotations furnished by applying to

SAM'L BEAR, SR., & SONS,

Wilmington, N. C., 18 Market Street.

dec 24 tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy Old Newspapers in Quantities to Suit at the STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping Paper and Excellent for Placing Under Carpet

FINE BUTTER.

We are now receiving the Celebrated

BOSCOBEL PRINT BUTTER,

in one pound blocks.

This, we believe to be the finest Butter for sale in Wilmington.

Those desiring something really nice will please give us a call and examine.

WILMINGTON GROCERY CO.,

Jan 17 tf No. 18 South Front Street.